UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of November 2023

Commission File Number: 001-40401

Oatly Group AB

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

Ångfärjekajen 8

211 19 Malmö

Sweden

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F \boxtimes Form 40-F \square



Oatly Group AB

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023

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Part I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Interim condensed consolidated statement of operations

(Unaudited)		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,		
(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data)	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenue	5	187,595	183,026	579,227	527,170	
Cost of goods sold		(155,034)	(178,044)	(474,922)	(478,196)	
Gross profit		32,561	4,982	104,305	48,974	
Research and development expenses		(4,684)	(5,245)	(15,719)	(15,227)	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(87,125)	(103,765)	(292,675)	(304,898)	
Other operating income and (expenses), net		(8,100)	(340)	(10,308)	197	
Operating loss		(67,348)	(104,368)	(214,397)	(270,954)	
Finance income and (expenses), net	7	112,841	(7,491)	99,333	(4,507)	
Profit/(loss) before tax		45,493	(111,859)	(115,064)	(275,461)	
Income tax (expense)/benefit	8	(1,482)	3,910	(3,221)	8,063	
Profit/(loss) for the period		44,011	(107,949)	(118,285)	(267,398)	
Attributable to:						
Shareholders of the parent		44,085	(107,949)	(118,211)	(267,398)	
Non-controlling interests		(74)	_	(74)	_	
Earnings/(loss) per share, attributable to shareholders of the parent:						
Basic	25	0.07	(0.18)	(0.20)	(0.45)	
Diluted	25	(0.07)	(0.18)	(0.26)	(0.45)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	25	594,255,240	592,163,619	593,261,979	591,963,512	
Diluted	25	994,871,584	592,163,619	832,310,554	591,963,512	

Interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income/(loss)

(Unaudited)	Note	Three months ended	Three months ended September 30,		l September 30,
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)		2023	2022	2023	2022
Profit/(loss) for the period		44,011	(107,949)	(118,285)	(267,398)
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to the consolidated					
statement of operations (net of tax):					
Exchange differences from translation of foreign operations		(6,886)	(43,223)	(27,749)	(126,389)
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to the consolidated					
statement of operations (net of tax):					
Fair value changes on Convertible Notes attributable to changes in					
credit risk	13			(72,656)	<u> </u>
Total other comprehensive loss for the period		(6,886)	(43,223)	(100,405)	(126,389)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		37,125	(151,172)	(218,690)	(393,787)
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the parent		37,199	(151,172)	(218,616)	(393,787)
Non-controlling interests		(74)	_	(74)	_

Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	Note	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets		104.405	105 600
Intangible assets	9	121,135	127,688
Property, plant and equipment	10	501,923	492,952
Right-of-use assets	11	104,575	108,598
Other non-current receivables	12,13	47,752	7,848
Deferred tax assets	8	14,803	5,860
Total non-current assets		790,188	742,946
Current assets			
Inventories	14	83,537	114,475
Trade receivables	15	99,708	100,955
Current tax assets		202	243
Other current receivables	16	33,343	17,818
Prepaid expenses		17,673	23,413
Cash and cash equivalents	17	283,184	82,644
		517,647	339,548
Assets held for sale	18	_	142,703
Total current assets		517,647	482,251
TOTAL ASSETS		1,307,835	1,225,197
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity	19		
Share capital		105	105
Treasury shares		(0)	(0)
Other contributed capital		1,628,045	1,628,045
Other reserves		(271,888)	(171,483)
Accumulated deficit		(766,976)	(665,524)
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		589,286	791,143
Non-controlling interests		1,874	751,145
Total equity		591,160	791,143
Liabilities		551,100	751,145
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	11	83,934	82,285
Liabilities to credit institutions	20	115,340	2,668
Deferred tax liabilities	8	637	2,000
Provisions	21	5,301	7,194
Total non-current liabilities	21	205,212	
		205,212	92,147
Current liabilities	11	14705	10 000
Lease liabilities	11	14,765	16,823
Convertible Notes	13,22	281,541	40.022
Liabilities to credit institutions	20	10,163	49,922
Trade payables		59,443	82,516
Current tax liabilities		2,684	5,515
Other current liabilities	22	11,544	11,823
Accrued expenses	23	117,155	123,037
Provisions	21	14,168	3,800
Tables 16 days 1		511,463	293,436
Liabilities directly associated with the assets held for sale	18		48,471
Total current liabilities		511,463	341,907
Total liabilities		716,675	434,054
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,307,835	1,225,197

				Attributab	le to shareholde	rs of the parent			
(Unaudited)		Share	Treasury	Other contributed	Other	Accumulat	Equity attributab le to sharehold ers of the	Non- controlling	Total
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	Note	capital	shares	capital	reserves	ed deficit	parent	interests	equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	19	105	(0)	1,628,0 45	(171,48)	(665,52 4	791,14		791,143
Loss for the period		_	_	_	_	(75,577)	(75,57 7)	_	(75,577)
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	7,353	_	7,353	_	7,353
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		_			7,353	(75,577)	(68,22 4)		(68,224)
Share-based payments	6					8,047	8,047		8,047
Balance at March 31, 2023		105	(0)	1,628,0 45	(164,13 0)	(733,05 4)	730,96 6		730,966
Loss for the period					_	(86,719)	(86,71 9)	_	(86,719)
Other comprehensive loss		_	_	_	(100,87 2)	_	(100,8) 72)	_	(100,87 2)
Total comprehensive loss for the period					(100,87 2)	(86,719)	(187,5 91)		(187,59 1)
Issue of shares		0	(0)				0		0
Share-based payments	6	_	_	_	_	2,422	2,422	_	2,422
Balance at June 30, 2023		105	(0)	1,628,0 45	(265,00 ₂)	(817,35 1)	545,79 7	_	545,797
Profit/(loss) for the period						44,085	44,085	(74)	44,011
Other comprehensive loss		_	_	_	(6,886)	_	(6,886)	_	(6,886)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period					(6,886)	44,085	37,199	(74)	37,125
Share issue in subsidiary				_		_		1,948	1,948
Share-based payments	6					6,290	6,290		6,290
Balance at September 30, 2023		105	(0)	1,628,0 45	(271,88 8	(766,97 6	589,28 6	1,874	591,160

(Unaudited) (in thousands of U.S. dollars)	Note	Share capital	Treasury shares	Other contributed capital	Other reserves	Accumulat ed deficit	e quity attributabl e to shareholde rs of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	19	105		1,628,1 03	(74,486)	(308,42)	1,245,2 99		1,245,29 9
Loss for the period		_	_		_	(87,459)	(87,459)	_	(87,459)
Other comprehensive loss		_	_	_	(22,954)	_	(22,954)	_	(22,954)
Total comprehensive loss for the period			_		(22,954)	(87,459)	(110,41 3		(110,413)
Share-based payments	6					10,037	10,037		10,037
Balance at March 31, 2022		105	_	1,628,1 03	(97,440)	(385,84 ₅)	1,144,9 23		1,144,92 3
Loss for the period		_	_	_	_	(71,990)	(71,990)	_	(71,990)
Other comprehensive loss					(60,212)		(60,212)		(60,212)
Total comprehensive loss for the period					(60,212)	(71,990)	(132,20 2)		(132,202)
Issue of shares		0	(0)				0	_	0

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Attributable to shareholders of the parent

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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105

6

6

Share-based payments

Loss for the period

period

Balance at June 30, 2022

Other comprehensive loss

Redemption of warrants

Share-based payments

Total comprehensive loss for the

Balance at September 30, 2022

Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

(Unaudited)		Nine months ended Se	
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	Note	2023	2022
Operating activities			
Net loss		(118,285)	(267,398)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows			
 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets and amortization of intangible assets 	9,10,11	37,256	34,765
—Write-downs of inventories	14	14,258	15,067
—Impairment loss on trade receivables	15	461	2,456
—Share-based payments expense	6	16,759	27,725
—Movements in provisions	21	10,447	_
—Finance (income) and expenses, net	7	(99,333)	4,507
—Income tax expense/(benefit)	8	3,221	(8,063)
—Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		317	(860)
—Other		_	(222)
Interest received		5,028	1,776
Interest paid		(13,912)	(8,964)
Income tax paid		(15,001)	(1,977)
Changes in working capital:			
—Decrease/(increase) in inventories	14	15,059	(19,010)
—Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables, other current receivables, prepaid expenses	15,16	6,967	(17,306)
—(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other current liabilities, accrued expenses	23	(14,721)	22,280
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(151,479)	(215,224)
Investing activities	_		
Purchase of intangible assets	9	(2,392)	(3,838)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	10	(49,591)	(170,514)
Investments in financial assets	12	(1,651)	
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale	18	43,998	_
Proceeds from short-term investments		_	226,208
Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities		(9,636)	51,856
Financing activities	_	· -	
Proceeds from Convertible Notes	13,22	324,950	_
Proceeds from liabilities to credit institutions	20	176,854	_
Repayment of liabilities to credit institutions	20	(98,088)	(1,032)
Payment of loan transaction costs	7,20,22	(32,550)	
Repayment of lease liabilities	11	(9,133)	(8,949)
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	_	362,033	(9,981)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	200,918	(173,349)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	_	82,644	295,572
		*	
Exchange rate differences in cash and cash equivalents		(378)	(16,620)

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Note 1. Corporate information

Oatly Group AB (the "Company" or the "parent") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in Sweden. The Company's registered office is located at Ångfärjekajen 8, Malmö, Sweden.

Oatly Group AB and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") manufacture, distribute and sell oat-based products.

Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Oatly Group AB for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The Group has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern, and there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period. In forming this judgment the Group has taken into consideration principal conditions, events and assumptions in relation to the Group's ability to meet its financial covenants and other obligations. This includes plans specific to forecast business performance, capex reduction and, cost-saving initiatives. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period, with the addition of the previously not applicable accounting policy regarding financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss. For further details refer to the section below "Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss".

The interim financial information reflects all normal recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to fairly present the information set forth herein. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, as they do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

The Group has Convertible Notes (as defined in Note 22 *Convertible Notes*) which are classified entirely as liabilities at the initial date of recognition at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. The Convertible Notes were issued with a conversion option that does not fulfill the "fixed for fixed" criteria. As the instrument contains an embedded derivative that is not closely related, the Convertible Notes have been designated in its entirety as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition and as such the embedded conversion feature is not separated. All transaction costs related to financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred. Fair value changes relating to the Group's own credit risk is recognized in other comprehensive income. Amounts recorded in other comprehensive income related to credit risk are not subject to recycling in profit or loss, but are transferred to retained earnings when realized. Fair value changes relating to market risk are recognized in finance income and (expenses), net in the consolidated statement of operations.

New and amended standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. In November 2022, the IASB issued further amendments delaying the effective date to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The amendments are required to be applied on a retrospective basis. The amendments will require the Group to classify the Convertible Notes as current liabilities, even if no noteholder actually requires the Company to exchange their notes. The Group has chosen early adoption of this amendment and has classified the Convertible Notes as current liabilities as at September 30, 2023.

There are no other International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") or International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretations Committee ("IFRS IC") interpretations that are expected to have a material impact on the Group in the current or future reporting periods or on foreseeable future transactions.

Note 3. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assessments

In preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, with the addition of those applied to the fair value of the Convertible Notes, see Note 13 *Fair value of financial instruments* for details of assumptions and estimates.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events.

Note 4. Seasonality

To date, the Group has not experienced any pronounced seasonality, but such fluctuations may have been masked by the Group's historical rapid growth, COVID-19 consumption dynamics, and macroeconomic trends, including higher inflation. As the Group continues to grow, including the relative size of our markets, the Group expects to see additional seasonality effects, especially within the food retail channel, with revenue contribution from this channel tending to be linked with holiday season periods. For example, the Lunar New Year one week celebration occurring in the first quarter of the calendar year has resulted in lower volumes sold in the Asia region compared to the remaining quarterly periods of the year.

Note 5. Segment information

5.1 Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and EBITDA

Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and EBITDA						
Three months ended September 30, 2023	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	101,762	58,491	27,342	_	_	187,595
Intersegment revenue	312	_	2,329	_	(2,641)	_
Total segment revenue	102,074	58,491	29,671	_	(2,641)	187,595
Adjusted EBITDA	12,326	(6,634)	(17,934)	(23,756)	_	(35,998)
Share-based compensation expense	(478)	(950)	(1,249)	(3,613)	_	(6,290)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	_	112	(2,321)	(968)	_	(3,177)
Legal settlement ⁽²⁾	_	_	_	(9,250)	_	(9,250)
Non-controlling interests	_	_	(74)	_	_	(74)
EBITDA	11,848	(7,472)	(21,578)	(37,587)	_	(54,789)
Finance income and (expenses), net	_	_	_	_	_	112,841
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_	_	_	(12,559)
Profit before tax	_	_	_	_	_	45,493

Three months ended September 30, 2022	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	82,567	60,702	39,757		_	183,026
Intersegment revenue	6,236	7	935	_	(7,178)	_
Total segment revenue	88,803	60,709	40,692		(7,178)	183,026
Adjusted EBITDA	(11,491)	(16,577)	(28,447)	(26,188)	_	(82,703)
Share-based compensation expense	(175)	(1,312)	(1,855)	(5,161)	_	(8,503)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	(1,005)	_	(1,005)
EBITDA	(11,666)	(17,889)	(30,302)	(32,354)	_	(92,211)
Finance income and (expenses), net	_	_	_	_	_	(7,491)
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_		_	(12,157)
Loss before tax	_	_	_	_	_	(111,859)

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Nine months ended September 30, 2023	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	296,967	184,364	97,896		_	579,227
Intersegment revenue	1,522	_	5,465	_	(6,987)	_
Total segment revenue	298,489	184,364	103,361		(6,987)	579,227
Adjusted EBITDA	26,180	(26,354)	(56,550)	(81,615)	_	(138,339)
Share-based compensation expense	(1,239)	(2,601)	(3,951)	(8,968)	_	(16,759)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	(1,008)	(2,482)	(2,457)	(6,397)	_	(12,344)
Legal settlement ⁽²⁾	_	_	_	(9,250)	_	(9,250)
Costs related to the YYF Transaction ⁽³⁾	_	(375)	_	_	_	(375)
Non-controlling interests	_	_	(74)		_	(74)
EBITDA	23,933	(31,812)	(63,032)	(106,230)	_	(177,141)
Finance income and (expenses), net	_	_	_		_	99,333
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_	_	_	(37,256)
Loss before tax	_	_	_	_	_	(115,064)

Nine months ended September 30, 2022	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	255,535	159,494	112,141		_	527,170
Intersegment revenue	30,775	820	1,472	_	(33,067)	_
Total segment revenue	286,310	160,314	113,613		(33,067)	527,170
Adjusted EBITDA	(12,033)	(58,176)	(54,179)	(83,071)	_	(207,459)
Share-based compensation expense	(3,193)	(3,722)	(5,646)	(15,164)	_	(27,725)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	(1,005)	_	(1,005)
EBITDA	(15,226)	(61,898)	(59,825)	(99,240)	_	(236,189)
Finance income and (expenses), net	_	_	_	_	_	(4,507)
Depreciation and amortization		_	_		_	(34,765)
Loss before tax	_	_	_	_	_	(275,461)

^{*} Corporate consists of general overhead costs not allocated to the segments.

5.2 Non-current assets by country

Non-current assets for this purpose consist of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
UK	201,727	186,759
US	125,151	130,295
China	121,115	122,495
Sweden	106,737	108,073
Singapore	26,546	29,944
Other	25,222	23,984
Total	606,498	601,550

Non-current assets in the UK and US will be impacted by the non-cash impairment charges the Company expects to incur in the fourth quarter of 2023. See Note 27 *Events after the end of the reporting period* for further information.

^{**} Eliminations in 2023 refer to intersegment revenue for sales of products from EMEA to Asia and from Asia to EMEA. Eliminations in 2022 primarily refer to intersegment revenue for sales of products from EMEA to Asia.

⁽¹⁾ Relates primarily to severance payments as the Company continues to adjust its organizational structure to the macro environment, and inventory write-offs related to the Company's strategy reset in the Asia segment.

⁽²⁾ Relates to US securities class action litigation settlement expenses. See Note 26 Commitments and Contingencies for further details.

⁽³⁾ Relates to the closing of the YYF Transaction. See Note 18 Non-current assets held for sale for further details.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

5.3 Revenue from external customers, broken down by location of the customers

The Group is domiciled in Sweden. The amount of its revenue from external customers, broken down by location of the customers, is shown in the table below.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
US	57,811	59,745	182,073	157,737
UK	34,195	29,546	100,642	90,597
China	24,472	35,983	87,033	98,048
Germany	25,761	18,268	76,383	59,238
Sweden	12,090	11,944	36,034	37,384
The Netherlands	6,457	6,104	20,219	19,337
Finland	5,777	6,018	17,059	18,080
Other	21,032	15,418	59,784	46,749
Total	187,595	183,026	579,227	527,170

5.4 Revenue from external customers, broken down by channel and segment

Revenue from external customers, broken down by channel and segment, is shown in the table below.

Three months ended September 30, 2023	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Total
Retail	84,968	31,152	2,913	119,033
Foodservice	16,306	26,006	18,275	60,587
Other	488	1,333	6,154	7,975
Total	101,762	58,491	27,342	187,595
Three months ended September 30, 2022	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Total
Retail	68,174	32,265	5,126	105,565
Foodservice	14,365	27,525	24,999	66,889
Other	28	912	9,632	10,572
Total	82,567	60,702	39,757	183,026
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Total
Retail	247,120	96,058	16,153	359,331
Foodservice	48,299	83,985	61,143	193,427
Other	1,548	4,321	20,600	26,469
Total	296,967	184,364	97,896	579,227
Nine months ended September 30, 2022	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Total
Retail	211,718	86,300	13,161	311,179
Foodservice	43,410	69,753	72,094	185,257
Other	407	3,441	26,886	30,734

Other is primarily related to e-commerce, both direct-to-consumer and through third-party platforms.

Revenue of approximately 12% and 13% in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, were derived from a single external customer in the foodservice channel. The revenues were attributed to the Americas and Asia segments.

Note 6. Share-based compensation

During the year ended December 31, 2021, in connection with the initial public offering ("IPO"), the Company implemented a new incentive award program, the 2021 Incentive Award Plan ("2021 Plan"). The principal purpose of the 2021 Plan is to attract, retain and motivate selected employees, consultants and members of the Board of Directors through the granting of share-based compensation awards and cash-based

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

performance bonus awards from 2021 and onwards. 69,496,515 shares have been reserved for grants pursuant to a variety of share-based compensation awards, including, but not limited to, stock options and restricted stock units ("RSUs"). To secure the future delivery of shares under the 2021 Plan, the Company's shareholders resolved to issue 69,496,515 warrants. The right to subscribe for the warrants vests only in the Company. See Note 19 *Equity*.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company, under the 2021 Plan, granted 5,441,954 RSUs, of which 1,281,751 were granted to members of key management, including the Executive Officers (CEO and CFO), and the Board of Directors. 1,935,317 RSUs vested during the period related to May 2021 and May 2022 grants, of which 308,248 were to key management. The RSUs are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions. The RSUs are measured based on the fair market value of the underlying ordinary shares on the date of grant. The RSUs granted to employees under the 2021 plan vest in equal installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the date of grant, subject to continued service. The RSUs granted to members of its Board of Directors vest on the date of the next Annual General Meeting of shareholders following the grant date, subject to continued service on the applicable vesting date.

Activity in the Group's RSUs outstanding and related information is as follows:

	Number of RSUs	Weighted average grant date fair value (\$)
As of December 31, 2022	8,147,594	4.42
Granted during the period	5,441,954	1.76
Forfeited during the period (1)	(1,966,779)	3.33
Vested during the period	(1,935,317)	5.67
As of September 30, 2023	9,687,452	2.91

(1) Includes 994,055 forfeited RSUs related to the Group organizational restructuring.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company, under the 2021 Plan, granted 10,892,973 stock options of which 7,941,720 were granted to members of key management. 4,540,859 stock options vested during the period, of which, 3,733,879 were to key management. The stock options are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions. For stock options granted under the 2021 Plan, the exercise price is equal to the fair value of the ordinary shares on grant date. The stock options granted to participants under the 2021 Plan vest in equal installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the date of grant, subject to continued service. The stock options expire, in relation to each installment under the vesting schedule, five years after vesting, corresponding to a total term of six, seven and eight years for the respective installment.

Activity in the Group's stock options outstanding and related information is as follows:

	Number of employee stock options	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
As of December 31, 2022	14,339,052	9.40
Granted during the period	10,892,973	1.77
Forfeited during the period (1)	(3,381,883)	6.08
Expired during the period	(546,562)	11.88
As of September 30, 2023	21,303,580	6.00
Vested and exercisable as of September 30, 2023	6,248,788	12.02

(1) Includes 2,410,861 forfeited stock options related to the Group organizational restructuring.

The fair value at grant date of the stock options granted during the financial year 2023 was \$0.98 for the May 2023 grant date and \$1.09 for the July grant date. The fair value at grant date of the stock options granted during the financial year 2022 was \$1.49 for the May 2022 grant date and \$0.86 for the November 2022 grant date. The fair value at grant date of the stock options granted during the financial year 2021 was \$6.24 for the May 2021 grant date and \$3.67 for the November 2021 grant date. The fair value of the stock options at grant date has been determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which takes into account the exercise price, the expected term of the stock options, the share price at grant date, expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield, the risk-free interest rate for the term of the stock options and the correlations and volatilities of the peer group companies. The Company does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the near future and therefore uses an expected dividend yield of zero in the option valuation model.

Share-based payments expense was \$6.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 (2022: \$8.5 million) and \$16.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 (2022: \$27.7 million).

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Note 7. Finance income and expenses

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest income	4,383	430	7,537	1,776
Other financial income	232		403	_
Net foreign exchange difference	(2,194)	(4,672)	13,902	5,615
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	(1,504)	(2,035)	(5,037)	(6,156)
Interest expenses on Convertible Notes	(7,859)	_	(14,321)	_
Interest expenses on liabilities to credit institutions	(5,544)	(1,270)	(14,269)	(3,684)
Fair value changes on derivatives	(211)	77	323	132
Fair value changes on short-term investments	_	100	_	(1,808)
Fair value changes on Convertible Notes	126,562	_	130,385	_
Other financial expenses	(1,024)	(121)	(19,590)	(382)
Total finance income and expenses, net	112,841	(7,491)	99,333	(4,507)

Interest expense on the Convertible Notes is the nominal coupon rate of 9.25%. Fair value changes on Convertible Notes contains the fair value changes less the coupon rate and changes in credit risk. See Note 13 *Fair value of financial instruments* and Note 22 *Convertible Notes*.

Other financial expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 mainly consist of \$17.5 million in transaction costs relating to the issuance of Convertible Notes, and \$1.4 million in previously capitalized and amortized transaction costs relating to the previous Sustainable Revolving Credit Facility Agreement (the "SRCF Agreement") that were expensed in connection with the extinguishment of the liability. See Note 20 *Liabilities to credit institutions* for further information on the SRCF Agreement.

Note 8. Income tax

Total tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$1.5 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. Total tax benefit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$3.9 million and \$8.1 million, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was (3.3%) and 2.8%, respectively. The effective tax rate for three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was (3.5%) and (2.9%), respectively. Unrecognized tax losses in Sweden is the main driver of the Group's effective tax rate. The Group operates in a global environment with significant operations in various jurisdictions outside Sweden. Accordingly, the consolidated income tax rate is a composite rate reflecting the Group's earnings and the applicable tax rates in the various jurisdictions where the Group operates, and whether or not deferred tax assets are able to be recognized.

Note 9. Intangible assets

A summary of the intangible assets as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Goodwill	Capitalized software	Other Intangible assets	Ongoing development costs	Total
Cost					
At December 31, 2022	112,904	13,821	5,495	1,214	133,434
Additions		_	1,306	710	2,016
Exchange differences	(4,955)	(625)	(275)	(74)	(5,929)
At September 30, 2023	107,949	13,196	6,526	1,850	129,521
Accumulated amortization					
At December 31, 2022		(3,592)	(2,154)		(5,746)
Amortization charge	_	(2,041)	(943)		(2,984)
Exchange differences	_	223	121	_	344
At September 30, 2023		(5,410)	(2,976)		(8,386)
Cost, net accumulated amortization					
At December 31, 2022	112,904	10,229	3,341	1,214	127,688
At September 30, 2023	107,949	7,786	3,550	1,850	121,135

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was \$1.0 million (2022: \$0.8 million). Amortization expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$3.0 million (2022: \$2.3 million).

Note 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

A summary of property, plant, and equipment as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Construction in progress	Total
Cost				
At December 31, 2022	77,059	243,399	225,940	546,398
Additions	476	7,807	32,313	40,596
Disposals	(372)	(17)	(504)	(893)
Reclassifications	16,091	24,302	(40,393)	_
Exchange differences	(2,455)	(4,713)	(1,040)	(8,208)
At September 30, 2023	90,799	270,778	216,316	577,893
Accumulated depreciation and impairment				
At December 31, 2022	(9,369)	(44,077)	_	(53,446)
Depreciation charge	(4,119)	(20,255)	_	(24,374)
Disposals	326	7	_	333
Impairment	_	(171)	_	(171)
Exchange differences	432	1,256	_	1,688
At September 30, 2023	(12,730)	(63,240)		(75,970)
Cost, net accumulated depreciation and impairment				
At December 31, 2022	67,690	199,322	225,940	492,952
At September 30, 2023	78,069	207,538	216,316	501,923

The additions in construction in progress during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 are mainly related to investment in new and existing production facilities.

Reclassifications between Construction in progress and Land and buildings and Plant and machinery are mainly related to the Landskrona, Sweden production facility.

Depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was \$8.3 million (2022: \$7.9 million). Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$24.4 million (2022: \$22.8 million).

Note 11. Leases

One sublease agreement related to the YYF Transaction commenced during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The addition to the right-of-use asset amounts to \$2.8 million. See Note 18 *Non-current assets held for sale* for further details of the YYF Transaction.

One lease agreement related to the headquarters office in Malmö, Sweden, commenced during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The addition to the right-of-use asset amounts to \$5.3 million.

Lease terms for production facilities are generally between 10 and 40 years, and lease terms for other properties (i.e., offices) are generally between one and 10 years. Lease terms for production equipment are generally between one and five years. The Group also has leases with a shorter lease term than 12 months and leases pertaining to assets of low value, such as office equipment. For these, the Group has chosen to apply the exemption rules in IFRS 16 Leases, meaning the value of these contracts is not part of the right-of-use asset or lease liability.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Below is the roll-forward of lease right-of-use assets:

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Total
Cost			
At December 31, 2022	100,113	30,525	130,638
Increases	8,678	2,020	10,698
Decreases	(6,955)	(962)	(7,917)
Exchange differences	(335)	(906)	(1,241)
At September 30, 2023	101,501	30,677	132,178
Accumulated depreciation			
At December 31, 2022	(13,098)	(8,942)	(22,040)
Depreciation	(6,529)	(3,688)	(10,217)
Decreases	2,850	1,150	4,000
Exchange differences	281	373	654
At September 30, 2023	(16,496)	(11,107)	(27,603)
Cost, net accumulated depreciation			
At December 31, 2022	87,015	21,583	108,598
At September 30, 2023	85,005	19,570	104,575

The increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 mainly relates to the lease agreements described above.

Below is the maturity analysis of lease liabilities:

Lease liabilities	September 30, 2023
Maturity Analysis	
Less than 3 months	3,806
Between 3 months and 1 year	11,417
Between 1 and 2 years	17,302
Between 2 and 5 years	30,964
After 5 years	111,674
Total lease commitments	175,163
Impact of discounting remaining lease payments	(76,464)
Total lease liabilities at September 30, 2023	98,699
Lease liabilities included in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position at September 30, 2023	
Non-current	83,934
Current	14,765
Total	98,699

The Group has the following lease agreements, which had not commenced as of September 30, 2023, but to which the Group is committed:

- One lease agreement regarding research and development premises in Lund, Sweden, under which the Group obligations amount to \$12.6 million for a term of 15 years. The lease commenced on October 1, 2023.
- One lease agreement regarding production equipment in Ma'anshan, China, under which the Group obligations collectively amount to \$3.5 million for a term of six years. The lease will commence during 2024.

Note 12. Other non-current receivables

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Derivatives	2,284	_
Deposits	1,948	1,802
Promissory notes	21,465	_
Long term prepaid expenses	18,526	3,070
Other receivables	3,529	2,976
Total	47,752	7,848

The promissory note is part of the purchase price from selling the manufacturing facilities in Ogden, Utah and Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas (respectively, the "Ogden Facility" and the "Dallas-Fort Worth Facility," and together, the "Facilities"), to YYF. The note has a maturity date of May 31, 2028. The nominal interest rate is 8% for the first year and then increases by 200 basis points each year. The interest is capitalized semi-annually, and the effective interest rate is 12.56%.

Long-term prepaid expenses consist primarily of a credit toward future use of shared assets at the Facilities due to the YYF Transaction.

For further information on the YYF Transaction, see Note 18 Non-current assets held for sale.

Note 13. Fair value of financial instruments

This note explains the judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques, which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Specific valuation techniques used in Level 2 to value financial instruments include:

- for foreign currency forwards, the present value of future cash flows based on the forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date
- for interest rate caps option pricing models (e.g. Black-Scholes model)

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

Recurring fair value measurements at September 30, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets			
Derivatives (part of other non-current receivables)	_	2,284	_
Total financial assets		2,284	
Financial liabilities			
Convertible Notes	_	_	281,541
Derivatives (part of other current liabilities)		829	
Total financial liabilities		829	281,541
Recurring fair value measurements at December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial liabilities			
Derivatives (part of other current liabilities)		316	
Total financial liabilities		316	<u> </u>

There were no transfers between the levels during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

The carrying amount of the promissory note, is a reasonable approximation of fair value since the transaction was closed on March 1, 2023, and there have been no significant changes to credit risk or market rates during the period March 1 until September 30, 2023. See Note 12 *Other non-current receivables*.

The carrying amount of non-current liabilities to credit institutions in the Group is a reasonable approximation of fair value since the interest rate is variable and there have been no significant changes to credit risk since issued on April 18, 2023. See Note 20 *Liabilities to credit institution*.

The carrying amount of current liabilities to credit institutions and other financial instruments in the Group is a reasonable approximation of fair value since they are short-term, and the discount effect is not significant.

Convertible Notes

	Convertible Notes
At January 1, 2023	_
Issue of Convertible Notes	324,950
Fair value changes (including interest expenses) recognized in the consolidated statement of operations	(116,065)
Change in fair value recognized in consolidated statement of other comprehensive income/(loss)	72,656
At September 30, 2023	281,541
	September 30, 2023
Carrying amount	281,541
Includes: Cumulative fair value changes on Convertible Notes attributable to changes in credit risk, recognized in the fair	
value reserve	72,656
Amount the Company is contractually obligated to pay to holders of the Convertible Notes at maturity	546,842
Difference between carrying amount and the amount the Company is contractually obligated to pay to holders of Convertible Notes at maturity	(265,301)

The Group determines the amount of fair value changes which are attributable to credit risk by first determining the changes due to market conditions which give rise to market risk, and then deducting those changes from the total change in fair value of the Convertible Notes. Market conditions which give rise to market risk include changes in the benchmark interest rate. Fair value movements on the conversion option embedded derivative are included in the assessment of market risk fair value changes.

The fair value of the instrument in its entirety has been determined by using a combination of a Monte Carlo simulation and a discounted cash flow analysis.

The following table lists the key inputs and assumptions used in the valuation model as of September 30, 2023:

	September 30, 2023
Conversion price (\$) ⁽¹⁾	1.36-2.52
Share price at valuation date (\$)	0.90
Expected price volatility of the Company share (%)	55.00
Risk-free interest rate (%)	4.60
Market interest rate (%)	21.50

(1) The Convertible Notes are convertible at the option of each holder at an initial conversion price of \$2.41-2.52 per ordinary share or per ADS, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments and a conversion rate reset on March 23, 2024 and March 23, 2025. For further details on the Convertible Notes and the conversion price reset mechanism, see Note 22 *Convertible Notes*.

The market interest rate has been assessed based on the observed range of yields on corporate bonds with comparable terms and comparable credit ratings to that of the Group.

The following table shows the impact of the key inputs and assumptions on the fair value of the Convertible Notes:

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	September 30, 2023
Share price decrease 30%	252,296
Share price increase 30%	310,584
Volatility decrease 10%	271,306
Volatility increase 10%	292,246
Risk-free interest rate decrease 1%	279,699
Risk-free interest rate increase 1%	284,131
Market interest rate decrease 1%	290,248
Market interest rate increase 1%	273,251

For further information on the Convertible Notes, see Note 22 *Convertible Notes*.

Note 14. Inventories

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Raw materials and consumables	20,997	20,638
Finished goods	62,540	93,837
Total	83,537	114,475

Inventories recognized as an expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to \$147.0 million (2022: \$168.8 million). Inventories recognized as an expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to \$449.3 million (2022: \$454.2 million). The expenses were included in cost of goods sold.

Write-downs of inventories to net realizable value for the three months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to \$6.7 million (2022: \$10.4 million). Write-downs of inventories to net realizable value for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$14.3 million (2022: \$15.1 million). The write-downs were recognized as an expense for each period and included in cost of goods sold.

Note 15. Trade receivables

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade receivables	101,052	104,685
Less: allowance for expected credit losses	(1,344)	(3,730)
Trade receivables—net	99,708	100,955

Carrying amounts, by currency, for the Group's trade receivables are as follows:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
EUR	32,074	26,692
USD	24,138	23,192
GBP	20,289	22,004
CNY	10,797	17,372
SEK	5,387	3,377
SGD	1,731	1,525
HKD	1,089	3,667
Other	4,203	3,126
Total	99,708	100,955

The maximum exposure to credit risk on the date of the statement of financial position is the carrying amounts according to the above.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Note 16. Other current receivables

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Credit toward future capital expenditures	13,748	_
Value added tax	8,853	11,109
Advance payments to vendors	1,198	3,078
Other	9,544	3,631
Total	33,343	17,818

The credit toward future capital expenditures is related to the YYF Transaction, for the completion of oat base capacity at the Dallas-Fort Worth Facility. For further information on the YYF Transaction, see Note 18 *Non-current assets held for sale*.

Note 17. Cash and cash equivalents

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents		
Short-term deposits	166,016	13,894
Cash at bank and on hand	117,168	68,750
Total	283,184	82,644

Short-term deposits are time deposits and structured deposits, with maturities of one to three months. The deposits can be withdrawn at any time before maturity date. The expected change in value is assessed as insignificant since the amount received cannot be less than the amount deposited.

Note 18. Non-current assets held for sale

On December 30, 2022, Oatly, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiary, Oatly US Operations & Supply Inc., entered into an asset purchase agreement (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") with Ya YA Foods USA LLC ("YYF"), and parent Aseptic Beverage Holdings LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("Buyer Parent"), to establish a strategic partnership pursuant to which Oatly, Inc. would sell the Facilities to YYF. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Asset Purchase Agreement, YYF would acquire a majority of the assets that were used in the operation of the Facilities and assume the obligations arising under the real property leases and certain contracts for and related to the Facilities. The assets subject to the Asset Purchase Agreement were included in the Americas reportable segment. As of December 31, 2022, these assets met the criteria for classification as held for sale. As part of the transaction and reclassification to held for sale, an impairment of \$38.3 million was recognized to reduce the carrying amount of the assets to their fair value less costs of disposal. The impairment was recognized as other operating expenses in the consolidated statement of operations as of December 31, 2022.

The major classes of assets and liabilities of the Group classified as held for sale as at December 31, 2022 were, as follows:

	December 31, 2022
Assets	
Property, plant and equipment	110,128
Right-of-use assets	32,575
Assets held for sale	142,703
Liabilities	
Non-current lease liabilities	40,967
Current lease liabilities	3,827
Provisions	3,677
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	48,471
Net assets directly associated with disposal group	94,232

On January 25, 2023, a consent letter was entered into in connection with the SRCF Agreement pursuant to which the lenders under the SRCF Agreement agreed that the YYF Transaction shall constitute a permitted disposal for the purposes of the SRCF Agreement.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

On March 1, 2023, the YYF Transaction closed, and the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Oatly US Operations & Supply Inc. sold the Facilities to YYF in connection with the establishment of a strategic manufacturing alliance with YYF, pursuant to the terms of that certain asset purchase agreement with YYF and Buyer Parent, dated December 30, 2022 (collectively, the "YYF Transaction"). Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Asset Purchase Agreement, YYF acquired a majority of the assets that are used in the operation of the Facilities and assumed the Company's obligations arising under the real property leases and certain contracts for and related to the Facilities. The Company continues to own all intellectual property related to production of oat base, the Company's principal, proprietary ingredient for all Oatly products, and the Company continues to own and operate its own equipment, fixtures and supplies associated with its production of oat base at the Facilities. In connection with the YYF Transaction, YYF and the Company also have entered into a contract manufacturing agreement pursuant to which YYF will manufacture certain finished products for the Company, using oat base supplied by Oatly (the "Co-Pack Agreement").

As consideration for the YYF Transaction, the Company received an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$102.6 million. Of this aggregate purchase price, \$86.5 million is attributable to the Ogden Facility, of which (a) \$72.0 million was paid to the Company through a combination of \$52.0 million cash and \$20.0 million in the form of a promissory note from the Buyer Parent to the Company, and (b) \$14.5 million is in the form of a credit toward future use of shared assets at the Ogden Facility. The remaining \$16.1 million of the aggregate purchase price is attributable to the Dallas-Fort Worth Facility, of which (a) \$13.6 million is a credit toward future capital expenditures associated with completion of oat base capacity at the Dallas-Fort Worth Facility, and (b) \$2.5 million is in the form of a credit toward future use of shared assets at the Dallas-Fort Worth Facility. As part of the consideration for the Transaction, the Buyer Parent issued a promissory note for \$20 million to the Company due May 31, 2028 (the "Note"). The interest rate of the Note begins at 8% and escalates an additional 2% each year. The Note is guaranteed by the founder and chief executive officer of the Buyer Parent. The Buyer Parent's obligation under the Note may be offset by amounts owed to YYF under the Co-Pack Agreement only if such amounts are not paid in accordance with the Co-Pack Agreement. The Note also contains other customary terms and conditions.

Note 19. Equity

Share capital and Treasury shares

In May 2021, the shareholders resolved to issue 69,497 thousand warrants to secure the future delivery of shares under the 2021 Plan. During May 2022, the Company exercised 650 thousand warrants, and during May 2023, the Company exercised 2,882 thousand warrants. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were 65,965 and 68,847 thousand warrants outstanding, respectively.

Upon exercise of the warrants in May 2023, 2,882 thousand ordinary shares were allotted and issued, and 1,935 thousand ordinary shares were converted to American Depositary Shares to be delivered to participants under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan related to the vesting of the May 2021 and May 2022 grants. The remaining balance is held as treasury shares to enable the Company's timely delivery of shares upon the exercise of outstanding share options and to meet future vesting of the RSUs.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, 594,255 and 592,320 thousand ordinary shares, respectively were registered, and the par value per share was \$0.00018 (SEK 0.0015) The Company had 1,054 thousand treasury shares as of September 30, 2023 and 107 thousand treasury shares as of December 31, 2022.

Other contributed capital

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 other contributed capital of \$1,628.0 million consists of share premium, shareholders contribution and proceeds from warrant issues.

Other reserves

As of September 30, 2023 other reserves of \$(271.9) million consists of fair value reserve of \$(72.7) million related to fair value gains and losses on the Convertible Notes attributable to changes in the Group's credit risk, and foreign currency translation reserve of \$(199.2) million primarily related to the exchange differences occurring from the translation of foreign operations in another currency than the reporting currency of the Group (USD).

As of December 31, 2022 other reserves of \$(171.5) million consisted of foreign currency translation reserve primarily related to the exchange differences occurring from the translation of foreign operations in another currency than the reporting currency of the Group (USD).

Accumulated deficit

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, accumulated deficit of \$(767.0) million and \$(665.5) million, respectively, consists of accumulated losses and share-based payments.

Non-controlling interest

On July 27, 2023, one of the Group's subsidiaries in China carried out a share issue. Prior to the share issue the Group owned 100 percent of the share capital in the subsidiary. Xiangpiaopiao Food Co., Ltd. subscribed for a part of the new issued shares and owns 40 percent of the share capital after the transaction, whereas the Group recognized a non-controlling interest. As of September 30, 2023, non-controlling interests amounted to \$1.9 million.

Note 20. Liabilities to credit institutions

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Non-current liabilities to credit institutions	115,340	2,668
Current liabilities to credit institutions	10,163	49,922
Total	125,503	52,590

As of September 30, 2023 the Liabilities to credit institutions balance amounts to \$125.5 million and is related to outstanding amounts under the TLB Credit Agreement (as defined below), the EIF Facility (as defined below) and the CMB Credit Facility (as defined below). As of December 31, 2022, the Liabilities to credit institutions balance amounted to \$52.6 million, and were related to outstanding amounts under the SRCF Agreement and the EIF Facility.

The European Investment Fund guaranteed three-year term loan facility with Svensk Exportkredit (the "EIF Facility") was entered into in October 2019. In October 2022, the EIF Facility was amended to extend the term for another three years, with a maturity date in October 2025. The loan facility and interest margin remain unchanged. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Group had €2.8 million (equivalent of \$3.0 million), respectively, outstanding on the EIF Facility, including accrued interest.

In April 2023, the Company entered into a Term Loan B Credit Agreement (the "TLB Credit Agreement") with, amongst others, Silver Point Finance LLC as Syndication Agent and Lead Lender, J.P. Morgan SE, as Administrative Agent and Wilmington Trust (London) Limited as Security Agent, including a term loan facility of \$130 million borrowed by Oatly AB. The term of the TLB Credit Agreement is five years from the funding date of the term loan facility, and the term loan facility is subject to 1% amortization per annum paid in quarterly instalments. Borrowings carry an interest rate of Term SOFR (with floor of 2.50%) plus 7.5% or Base Rate (with floor of 3.50%) plus 6.5%. The TLB Credit Agreement, contains ongoing covenants such as minimum EBITDA, total net leverage ratio and liquidity requirements. The TLB Credit Agreement also contains certain negative covenants, including but not limited to restrictions on indebtedness, limitations on liens, fundamental changes covenant, asset sales covenant, and restricted payments covenant. The debt under the TLB Credit Agreement ranks pari passu with, and shares in the same security and guarantees from the Group as the EIF Facility and the SRCF Agreement by way of the Intercreditor Agreement. As of September 30, 2023 the Group had \$118.3 million outstanding on the TLB Credit Agreement, including accrued interest and net after original issue discount and transaction costs.

In April 2023, the SRCF Agreement was amended and restated whereby, among other things, (i) the term of the SRCF Agreement was reset to three years and six months, with a one year uncommitted extension option, (ii) the lender group under the SRCF Agreement was reduced to JP Morgan SE, BNP Paribas SA, Bankfilial Sverige, Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige and the commitments under the SRCF Agreement were reduced to SEK 2,100 million (equivalent of \$192.1 million), with an uncommitted incremental revolving facility option of up to SEK 500 million (equivalent of \$45.7 million), (iii) the initial margin was reset at 4.00% p.a., (iv) the tangible solvency ratio, minimum EBITDA, minimum liquidity and total net leverage ratio financial covenants were reset, (v) the existing negative covenants were amended to further align with those included in the TLB Credit Agreement, including in relation to incurrence of indebtedness, and (vi) the debt under the SRCF Agreement ranks pari passu with, and shares in the same security and guarantees from the Group as, the EIF Facility and the TLB Credit Agreement by way of the Intercreditor Agreement. As of September 30, 2023, the Group had no utilized loan amounts under the amended SRCF Agreement. As of December 31, 2022, the Group had utilized loan amounts under the previous SRCF agreement of SEK 507 million (equivalent of \$48.6 million), including accrued interest.

In May 2023, (i) the SRCF Agreement was amended pursuant to an amendment letter to, among other things, ensure that the Convertible Notes constitute "PIPE Financing" under and as defined in the SRCF Agreement and (ii) the TLB Credit Agreement was amended pursuant to an

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

amendment agreement to, among other things, ensure that the Convertible Notes constitute "Convertible Bonds" under and as defined in the TLB Credit Agreement. See Note 22 *Convertible Notes* for more information on the Company's Convertible Notes.

The EIF Facility, TLB Credit Agreement and the SRCF share the following collateral: share pledges, security over material intra-group loans, security over material bank accounts, security over material intellectual property, New York law all-asset security, English, Hong Kong and Singapore law debentures, Swedish floating charges and Swedish real estate mortgage.

In November 2022, the Group's indirect subsidiary Oatly Shanghai Co., Ltd. entered into a RMB 150 million (equivalent of \$20.7 million) working capital credit facility with China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch (the "CMB Credit Facility"). As of September 30, 2023, the Group had RMB 30.0 million (equivalent of \$4.2 million) outstanding on the CMB Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding borrowings under the CMB Credit Facility.

Currency risk (transaction risk)

The TLB Credit Agreement is denominated in USD and the borrower within the Group is Oatly AB with a functional currency of SEK. The Group is therefore exposed to currency risk SEK/USD and if the rate would increase/decrease by 10% the impact on loss before tax for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, would be \$11.5 million.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk that arises from the term loan that carries an interest of Term SOFR with a floor of 2.5%. To manage the risk the Group has entered into interest rate caps for the full amount of the term loan of \$130 million. The cap is 4.6% and has a maturity of 3 years (April 2026). As of September 30, 2023, the cap is in the money and the Group is not exposed to changes in the variable interest rate above 4.6%. If variable interest increased by 300 basis points the impact on loss before tax for the three months ended September 30, 2023, would be zero since the interest rate caps are in the money as of this date. If variable interest decreased by 300 basis points the impact on loss before tax for the three months ended September 30, 2023, would be \$0.6 million, taking into account the floor of 2.5% in the term loan.

Note 21. Provisions

	Restructuring	Decommissioning	Legal settlement
At December 31, 2022	3,800	7,194	_
Decreases: Included in the acquisition value of right-of-use assets	_	(2,127)	_
Charged to the consolidated statement of operations:			
- Additional provisions recognized	10,761	_	9,250
- Unwinding of discount effect	_	148	_
- Reversal of non-utilized amounts	(203)	_	_
Amounts used during the year	(9,361)	_	_
Charged to other comprehensive income/(loss):			
- Exchange differences	(79)	86	_
At September 30, 2023	4,918	5,301	9,250
Current	4,918	_	9,250
Non-current	_	5,301	_

Restructuring

The restructuring provisions recorded in the fourth quarter of 2022 and during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 relate principally to organizational restructuring. The restructuring plans were drawn up and announced to the employees of the Group in the fourth quarter of 2022, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The restructuring is expected to be completed in 2023.

Decommissioning

The provision recognized for decommissioning costs is relates to the restoration costs for leased production facilities. The decommissioning is expected to be settled at the end of the respective lease term.

Legal settlement

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

For information regarding the legal settlement, see Note 26 Commitments and Contingencies.

Note 22. Convertible Notes

On March 23, 2023 and April 18, 2023, the Company issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 9.25% Convertible Senior PIK Notes due 2028 (the notes issued on March 23, 2023, the "U.S. Notes" and the notes issued on April 18, 2023, the "Swedish Notes" and, collectively, the "Original Convertible Notes") (the Original Convertible Notes, together with the HH Notes (as defined below), the "Convertible Notes"). The U.S. Notes and the Swedish Notes have substantially identical economic terms. The U.S. Notes were subject to mandatory redemption if the TLB Credit Agreement were not executed. The proceeds from the U.S. Notes were kept in an escrow account and not released to the Company until the TLB Credit Agreement was executed.

Certain of the Company's existing shareholders, Nativus Company Limited, Verlinvest and Blackstone Funds, purchased \$200.1 million aggregate principal amount of the Swedish Notes and other institutional investors purchased \$99.9 million aggregate principal amount of the U.S. Notes. The investors paid an aggregate purchase price of \$291 million, reflecting an original issue discount of 3%.

The Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 9.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears in cash or in payment-in-kind, at the Company's option, on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2023. The Convertible Notes will mature on September 14, 2028, unless earlier converted by the holders or required to be converted, repurchased or redeemed by the Company. The Convertible Notes are convertible at the option of each holder at an initial conversion price of \$2.41 per Ordinary Share or per ADS, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments and a conversion rate reset on March 23, 2024 and March 23, 2025 if the average of the daily volume-weighted average prices of the ADSs for the 30 consecutive trading days immediately preceding March 23, 2024 and March 23, 2025, respectively, is below a specified price. The conversion price, before considering customary anti-dilution adjustments, cannot be reset to lower than \$1.81 on March 23, 2024 and \$1.36 on March 23, 2025. The Company may require conversion of the Convertible Notes if the last reported sale price of the Company's ADSs equals or exceeds 200% of their conversion price on any 45 trading days during any 90 consecutive day period beginning on or after the third anniversary of the issuance of the U.S. Notes and the Swedish Notes, respectively. The Convertible Notes benefit from the same covenants limiting incurrence of financial indebtedness by the Company and its subsidiaries as are contained in the TLB Credit Agreement.

On April 18, 2023, the Company, Oatly AB, Oatly Inc. and other parties entered into the Intercreditor Agreement which includes customary ranking, enforcement and turnover provisions intended to govern the relationship between the creditor groups and which affect e.g. the Convertible Notes.

On May 9, 2023 the Company entered into an agreement with an affiliate of Hillhouse Investment Management Ltd. ("Hillhouse") to sell an additional \$35 million in Convertible Notes, resulting in approximately \$34 million in financing after reflecting an original issue discount of 3% (the "HH Notes"). The economic terms of the HH Notes are substantially identical to the economic terms of the U.S. Notes as part of the previously-mentioned financing, except (i) that the HH Notes are convertible at Hillhouse's option at an initial conversion price of \$2.52 per ADS, representing an approximate 17% premium to the last reported sale price of the Company's ADSs on the Nasdaq Global Market on May 8, 2023, and (ii) with respect to the specified prices in connection with the conversion rate resets of the HH Notes. The conversion price, before considering customary anti-dilution adjustments, cannot be reset to lower than \$1.89 on March 23, 2024 and \$1.41 on March 23, 2025. In addition, on May 9, 2023, one of the existing holders of Swedish Notes and an affiliate of one of the Company's shareholders, Verlinvest S.A. ("Verlinvest"), agreed to sell and Hillhouse agreed to purchase from Verlinvest \$15 million aggregate principal amount of Swedish Notes (the "Resale Notes"). The purchase and sale of the HH Notes and the Resale Notes closed on May 31, 2023. The HH Notes are also subject to the Intercreditor Agreement.

For details on the fair value on Convertible Notes, see Note 13 Fair value of financial instruments.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Note 23. Accrued expenses

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Accrued production expenses	27,680	28,286
Accrued personnel expenses	26,647	32,169
Accrued variable consideration	22,729	15,575
Accrued marketing and sales expenses	10,642	6,279
Accrued logistic expenses	10,425	19,699
Other accrued expenses	19,032	21,029
Total	117,155	123,037

Note 24. Related party disclosures

Share-based compensation to related parties

Information about share-based compensation to related parties is found in Note 6 Share-based compensation.

Transactions with related parties

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company expensed \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million (2022: \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million), respectively, pursuant to a Distribution Agreement with the distribution company Chef Sam, of which Bernard Hours, a member of the Board of Directors, is a 33% owner.

On April 18, 2023 the Company issued Convertible Notes to related parties, Nativus Company Limited and Verlinvest S.A, with a fair value of \$174.0 million. As of September 30, 2023, the fair value of the outstanding Convertible Notes to related parties amounted to \$138.2 million. The Convertible Notes were issued with the terms and conditions described in Note 22 *Convertible Notes*.

Note 25. Earnings/(loss) per share

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the period attributable to the shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period (net of treasury shares).

Diluted loss per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the period attributable to the shareholders of the parent (after adjusting for fair value change, interest and transaction costs on the Convertible Notes) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period (net of treasury shares) plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the potential dilutive ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The following table reflects the profit/(loss) and share data used in the basic earnings/(loss) and diluted loss per share calculations:

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Basic earnings/(loss) per share				
Profit/(loss) for the year, attributable to the shareholders of the parent	44,085	(107,949)	(118,211)	(267,398)
Shares used in computation				
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (thousands)	594,255	592,164	593,262	591,964
Basic earnings/(loss) per share, U.S. \$	0.07	(0.18)	(0.20)	(0.45)
Diluted loss per share				
Profit/(loss) for the year, attributable to the shareholders of the parent	44,085	(107,949)	(118,211)	(267,398)
Fair value gains on dilutive Convertible Notes	(126,562)	_	(130,385)	_
Transaction costs and interest savings on dilutive Convertible Notes	8,510	_	31,801	_
Net loss used in the computation of diluted earnings/(loss) per share	(73,967)	(107,949)	(216,794)	(267,398)
Shares used in computation				
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (thousands)	594,255	592,164	593,262	591,964
Dilutive Convertible Notes (thousands) ⁽¹⁾	400,616	_	239,049	<u> </u>
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (thousands)	994,872	592,164	832,311	591,964
Diluted loss per share, U.S. \$	(0.07)	(0.18)	(0.26)	(0.45)

⁽¹⁾ The number of potential dilutive shares or ADSs from the Convertible Notes are calculated assuming the most advantageous conversion price from the standpoint of the holder and assuming all capitalized interest at maturity will be settled with shares or ADSs. For further details on the Convertible Notes and the conversion price reset mechanism, see Note 22 *Convertible Notes*.

Potential dilutive securities that were not included in the diluted earnings/loss per share calculations because they would be anti-dilutive were as follows:

	Three months ended	l September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Restricted stock units	9,687,452	6,810,323	9,687,452	6,810,323
Stock options	21,303,580	14,213,625	21,303,580	14,213,625

Note 26. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

Minimum purchase commitments

The Group has several supplier contracts primarily for production and packaging services where minimum purchase commitments exist in the contract terms. The commitments are associated with contracts that are enforceable and legally binding and that specify significant terms, including fixed or minimum services to be purchased and fixed, minimum or variable price provisions. In 2022, the Group consolidated the use of co-packers and increased the utilization of expanded in-house manufacturing facilities. The lower allocation of volumes to co-packing in EMEA, and a volume adjustment related to a co-packer arrangement in Asia, resulted in total shortfall expenses of \$8.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 the continued consolidated use of co-packers in EMEA and Americas, and a volume adjustment related to a co-packer arrangement in Asia, resulted in volume shortfall expenses of \$7.9 million. The shortfall expenses are presented in cost of goods sold in the consolidated statement of operations.

Leases and property, plant and equipment

The future cash outflows relating to leases that have not yet commenced are disclosed in Note 11 Leases.

As of September 30, 2023, the Group is committed to various purchase agreements regarding production equipment in Peterborough, UK and in Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas, under which the Group's obligations amount to \$19.7 million (2022: \$59.2 million) and \$3.4 million (2022: \$0 million), respectively.

(in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

As of December 31, 2022, the Group had commitments of \$19.3 million related to the Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas, which have been transferred to YYF as part of the close of the YYF Transaction on March 1, 2023. Refer to Note 18 *Non-current assets held for sale* for further details on the YYF Transaction.

Legal contingencies

From time to time, the Company may be involved in various claims and legal proceedings related to claims arising out of the operations. In July and September 2021, three securities class action complaints were filed under the captions *Jochims v. Oatly Group AB et al.*, Case No. 1:21-cv-06360-AKH, *Bentley v. Oatly Group AB et al.*, Case No. 1:21-cv-06485-AKH, and *Kostendt v. Oatly Group AB et al.*, Case No. 1:21-cv-07904-AKH, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company and certain of its officers and directors, alleging violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and SEC Rule 10b-5. These actions have been consolidated under the caption *In re Oatly Group AB Securities Litigation*, Consolidated Civil Action No. 1:21-cv-06360-AKH. The operative consolidated complaint alleges violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933. In February 2022, a securities class action complaint was filed under the caption *Hipple v. Oatly Group AB et al.*, Index No. 151432/2022 in the New York County Supreme Court against the Company and certain of its officers and directors, alleging violations of the Securities Act of 1933. In May 2022, the New York County Supreme Court granted a stay of *Hipple v. Oatly Group AB et al.*, pending final adjudication of *In re Oatly Group AB Securities Litigation* in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. In December 2022, the parties in *In re Oatly Group AB Securities Litigation* completed briefing of the defendants' motion to dismiss the operative consolidated complaint; there was oral argument on the motion on May 31, 2023, and the Court granted the motion without prejudice, except for the claim brought under Section 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, which the Court dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiffs filed their amended complaint on August 11, 2023. In October 2023, the parties reached a settlement in principle of both matters that would require the Company to pay \$9.25 million, which is contingent u

Note 27. Events after the end of the reporting period

Following certain events after the end of the reporting period, the Company decided to discontinue the construction of its new production facilities in the EMEA and Americas segments. In the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company expects to incur non-cash impairment charges in the range of \$110 to \$150 million. The Company also expects to incur restructuring and other exit costs of approximately \$40 to \$50 million relating to these production facilities. The Company currently estimates these restructuring and other exit costs to result in no more than \$20 million of net cash outflows over the next two fiscal years, after taking into consideration anticipated proceeds from selling certain equipment.

The Company may incur additional costs not currently contemplated due to events associated with the discontinuation of construction at these facilities. The charges that the Company expects to incur are estimates subject to several assumptions, and actual results may differ materially.

On November 6, 2023, the company received a notification from the Nasdaq Stock Market ("Nasdaq") that the Company is not in compliance with the minimum bid price requirements of Nasdaq Listing Rule 5450(a)(1) (the "Notice"). The Notice has no immediate effect on the listing of the Company's ADSs or its business operations. The Company is currently considering its options, with the intention to remedy the noncompliance in due time.

As previously announced, effective October 1, 2023, Marie-José David replaced Christian Hanke as the Company's Chief Financial Officer.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Report on Form 6-K (the "Report") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that relate to our current expectations and views of future events. These forward-looking statements are contained principally in this Item 2. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." These statements relate to events that involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including those listed under Item 3.D. "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022 (the "2022 Annual Report"), those listed under Part II, Item 1A of this Report and other filings with the SEC, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

All statements contained in this Report that do not relate to matters of historical fact should be considered forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, statements regarding our future results of operations and financial position, industry and business trends, business strategy, market growth, and anticipated cost savings. In some cases, these forward-looking statements can be identified by words or phrases such as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "aim," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "potential," "continue," "is/are likely to" or other similar expressions.

These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, some of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are not a guarantee of future performance. Actual outcomes may differ materially from the information contained in the forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including, without limitation, the risk factors set forth in our 2022 Annual Report, the risk factors set forth in this Report on Form 6-K and the following:

- We have a history of losses, and we may be unable to achieve or sustain profitability;
- The COVID-19 pandemic, has had, and we expect will continue to have, certain negative impacts on our business. These impacts may have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and result of operations;
- Our future business, results of operation and financial condition may be adversely affected by reduced or limited availability of oats and other raw materials and ingredients that our limited number of suppliers are able to sell to us that meet our quality standards;
- The strategic partnership with Ya YA Foods may not be successful, which could adversely affect our operations and manufacturing strategy;
- A failure to obtain necessary capital when needed on acceptable terms, or at all, may force us to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our product manufacturing and development and other operations;
- We maintain our cash and cash equivalents at financial institutions, often in balances that exceed federally insured limits;
- The primary components of all our products are manufactured in our six production facilities, and any damage or disruption at these facilities has in the past harmed, and may in the future harm our business;
- Our brand and reputation may be harmed due to real or perceived quality, food safety or sustainability issues with our products, which could have an adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition and results of operations;
- Food safety and food-borne illness incidents or other safety concerns have led to product recalls and such events may in the future materially
 adversely affect our business by exposing us to lawsuits or regulatory enforcement actions, increasing our operating costs and reducing
 demand for our product offerings;
- We may not be able to compete successfully in our highly competitive market;
- Sales of our oatmilk varieties contribute a significant portion of our revenue. A reduction in sales of our oatmilk varieties would have an adverse effect on our financial condition;
- If we fail to effectively expand our processing, manufacturing and production capacity, or we fail to find acceptable co-packing partners to help us expand, as we continue to grow and scale our business to a steady operating level, our business, results of operations and our brand reputation could be harmed;
- We may not successfully ramp up operations at any of our new facilities, or these facilities may not operate in accordance with our expectations;
- Our operations in China could expose us to substantial business, regulatory, political, financial and economic risks;
- Failure to introduce new products or successfully improve existing products may adversely affect our ability to continue to grow;

- Consumer preferences for our products are difficult to predict and may change, and, if we are unable to respond quickly to new trends, our business may be adversely affected;
- We are subject to risks related to sustainability (including environmental, climate change, and broader corporate social responsibility matters), which may materially adversely affect our business as a result of lawsuits, regulatory investigations and enforcement actions, complaints concerning our disclosures, impacts on our operations and supply chain (particularly in connection with the physical impacts of climate change), and impacts on our brand and reputation;
- A cybersecurity incident or other technology disruptions could negatively impact our business and our relationships with customers;
- Consolidation of customers or the loss of a significant customer could negatively impact our sales and profitability;
- Litigation or legal proceedings could expose us to significant liabilities and have a negative impact on our reputation or business;
- Failure to retain our senior management or to attract, train and retain employees may adversely affect our operations or our ability to grow successfully;
- Disruptions in the worldwide economy may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations;
- Our operations are subject to U.S., European and the People's Republic of China laws and regulations, and there is no assurance that we will be in compliance with all regulations;
- Changes in existing laws or regulations, or the adoption of new laws or regulations, may increase our costs and otherwise adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations;
- Failure by our suppliers of raw materials or co-producers to comply with food safety, environmental or other laws and regulations, or with the specifications and requirements of our products, may disrupt our supply of products and adversely affect our business;
- We are subject to stringent environmental regulation and potentially subject to environmental litigation, proceedings and investigations;
- Changes to international trade policies, treaties and tariffs, including as a result of the United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union (the "EU"), or the emergence of a trade war could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations;
- We may not be able to protect, enforce or defend our intellectual property and other proprietary rights adequately, which may impact our commercial success;
- We have previously identified material weaknesses in our internal control environment. If we are unable to remediate the material weaknesses, or if other control deficiencies are identified, we may not be able to report our financial results accurately, prevent fraud or file our periodic reports as a public company in a timely manner;
- Our largest shareholder has significant influence over us, including significant influence over decisions that require the approval of shareholders;
- Our operating results and the market price of our ADSs have been, and may be, volatile, and you may lose all or part of your investment;
- Although as a foreign private issuer we are exempt from certain corporate governance standards applicable to U.S. issuers, if we cannot satisfy, or continue to satisfy, the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq it could result in a delisting of our securities;
- We expect impairment charges in connection with certain of our production facilities that are not yet in operation, and we may need to recognize further impairments in the future, which could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations;
- We are subject to securities class action litigation and could be subject to additional litigation in the United States or elsewhere that could negatively impact our business, including resulting in substantial costs and liabilities;
- We are a foreign private issuer and, as a result, are not subject to U.S. proxy rules and are subject to Exchange Act reporting obligations that, to some extent, are more lenient and less frequent than those of a U.S. domestic public company;
- You may not be able to exercise your right to vote the ordinary shares underlying your ADSs;
- We may not pay dividends on our ADSs in the future and, consequently, your ability to achieve a return on your investment will depend on the appreciation in the price of our ADSs;
- Changes in our tax rates or exposure to additional tax liabilities or assessments could affect our profitability, and audits by tax authorities could result in additional tax payments;

- We have incurred substantial indebtedness that may decrease our business flexibility, access to capital, and/or increase our future borrowing costs;
- Transactions relating to our Convertible Notes may dilute the ownership interests of holders of our ADSs or ordinary shares and may adversely impact the value of such securities; and
- Covenant restrictions under certain of our financing arrangements may limit our ability to operate our business.

The forward-looking statements made in this Report relate only to events or information as of the date on which the statements are made in this Report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date on which the statements are made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. You should read this Report and the documents that we reference in this Report and have filed as exhibits to this Report completely and with the understanding that our actual future results or performance may be materially different from what we expect.

Overview

We are the world's original and largest oatmilk company. For over 25 years, we have exclusively focused on developing expertise around oats: a global power crop with inherent properties suited for sustainability and human health. Our commitment to oats has resulted in core technical advancements that enabled us to unlock the breadth of the dairy portfolio, including milks, ice creams, yogurts, cooking creams, spreads and on-the-go drinks. Since our founding, we have had a bold vision for a food system that is better for people and the planet. We believe that transforming the food industry is necessary to face humanity's greatest challenges across climate, environment, health and lifestyle and have not only positioned our brand to capitalize on the growing consumer interest in sustainable, plant- based foods and dairy alternatives, but we have become a driving force behind increased consumer awareness and transition from traditional dairy consumers to Oatly.

Recent Developments, Trends and Other Factors Affecting our Business

Strategic actions – an update

We continue to execute on our strategic priorities focused on achieving profitable growth. These actions are aimed at reducing the complexity and increasing the agility of our organization and driving profitable growth with a more asset light strategy.

We have recorded restructuring costs of \$3.2 million and \$12.3 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, related to continued activities linked to simplifying our organizational structure and we expect to continue to identify and execute on incremental opportunities throughout 2023.

Following certain events after the end of the reporting period, we decided to discontinue the construction of our new production facilities in the EMEA and Americas segments. In the fourth quarter of 2023, we expect to incur non-cash impairment charges in the range of \$110 to \$150 million. We also expect to incur restructuring and other exit costs of approximately \$40 to \$50 million relating to these production facilities. We currently estimate these restructuring and other exit costs to result in no more than \$20 million of net cash outflows over the next two fiscal years, after taking into consideration anticipated proceeds from selling certain equipment.

Impact of the Current Macroeconomic Environment on our Results

The COVID-19 pandemic recovery continues to have an impact on our business operations, results of operations and cash flows during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, as it is progressing at a slower pace than previously assumed. We continue to monitor geopolitical events around the world which might have an impact in our business operations, however at this stage, there are no material adverse effect to our results.

Revenue

We generate revenue primarily from sales of our oatmilk and other oat-based products across our three geographic regions: EMEA, the Americas and Asia. Our customers include retailers, e-commerce channels, coffee shops and other specialty providers within the foodservice industry.

EMEA is our largest revenue-producing region, followed by the Americas and Asia. Currently, our primary markets in EMEA are the United Kingdom, Germany and Sweden. In the Americas, substantially all of our revenue to date can be attributed to the United States, and in Asia, the majority of our revenue is generated in China. The channel and product mix vary by country, where our more mature markets, such as Sweden

and Finland, have a broader product portfolio available to customers and consumers. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, on a consolidated level, oatmilk accounted for approximately 90% of our revenue.

We routinely offer sales discounts and promotions through various programs to customers. These programs include rebates, temporary on-shelf price reductions, retailer advertisements, product coupons and other trade activities. The expense associated with these discounts and promotions is estimated and recorded as a reduction in total gross revenue in order to arrive at reported net revenue. These promotional activities impact our net revenue and changes in such activities could impact period-over-period results.

The following factors and trends in our business have driven net revenue growth over prior periods and are expected to be key drivers of our net revenue growth going forward:

- Continue to expand household penetration to reach new consumers and increase the repeat purchase rates of existing consumers by continuing
 to invest in advertising and marketing to increase awareness of our brand and products.
- Expand our presence across channels:
 - o Grow within food retail channels by increasing our distribution points with existing and new customers, capturing greater shelf space and continuing to drive velocity increases.
 - Expand footprint across the foodservice channel, including independent coffee shops and branded foodservice chains such as Starbucks, as we believe this will help encourage trial, drive consumer awareness of our brand and create strong pull into the food retail and e-commerce channels.
- Scale our e-commerce capabilities by strategically partnering with leading third-party platforms and leveraging our own direct-to- consumer
 Oatly.com e-commerce platform to market our products and increase our reach.
- Extend product offering through new product development within existing and new product categories to capture the market-specific consumer needs in each of the regions in which we operate.
- Enter new international markets through our proven foodservice-led strategy.
- Optimize global production capacity to meet consumer demand.

Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold consists primarily of the cost of oats and other raw materials, product packaging, co-manufacturing fees, direct labor and associated overhead costs and property, plant and equipment depreciation. Our cost of goods sold also includes warehousing and transportation of inventory. We expect our cost of goods sold to increase in absolute dollars to support our growth. However, we expect that, over time, cost of goods sold will decrease as a percentage of net revenue, as a result of the scaling of our business and optimizing our production footprint.

Gross profit and margin

Gross profit consists of our net revenue less costs of goods sold. We have scaled our production capacity significantly over the past couple of years. Our gross profit margin has benefited and will continue to benefit from the localization of production capacity closer to our customers and consumers. Over time, we expect to improve our manufacturing operational performance and leverage the cost of our fixed production and staff costs, including a higher focus on procurement efficiencies through scale of purchasing and diversification of suppliers. The ramp-up period of our new facilities has been extended beyond our original plans, impacted by events such as COVID-19 restrictions, market shut-downs, and operational challenges.

Inflation has increased significantly during the past two years, we have implemented pricing actions to partially offset these headwinds. Further pricing actions might be enacted if deemed necessary to offset cost of goods sold inflation, but there is no assurance we will be able to offset all inflationary pressure impacting our business operations.

Operating expenses

Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel related expenses for our research and development staff, including salaries, benefits and bonuses, but also third-party consultancy fees and expenses incurred related to product trial runs. Our research and development efforts are focused on enhancements to our existing product formulations and production processes in addition to the development of new products.

Selling, general and administrative expenses include primarily personnel-related expenses for our sales, general and administrative staff, brand awareness and advertising costs, costs associated with consumer promotions, product samples and sales aids. These also include customer distribution costs, i.e. outbound shipping and handling costs for finished goods, and other functional related selling and marketing expenses, depreciation and amortization expense on non-manufacturing assets and other miscellaneous operating items. We will also continue to incur increased administrative and compliance costs as a result of being a public company. Selling, general and administrative expenses also include auditor fees and other third-party consultancy fees, expenses related to management, finance and accounting, information technology, human resources and other office functions.

Other operating income and (expenses), net, consists primarily of cost for legal settlement and net foreign exchange gains (losses) on operating related activities.

Other

Finance income and (expenses), net, primarily consists of impact from fair value changes on Convertible Notes, interest expense related to loans from credit institutions, interest expense on lease liabilities and foreign exchange gains and losses attributable to our external and internal financing arrangements.

Income tax (expense)/benefit represents both current and deferred income tax expenses. Current tax expenses primarily represent income taxes based on income in multiple foreign jurisdictions.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth the interim condensed consolidated statements of operations in U.S. dollars and as a percentage of revenue for the periods presented.

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	(in thousands \$)	% of revenue	(in thousands \$)	% of revenue	(in thousands \$)	% of revenu	(in thousands \$)	% of revenue
Revenue	187,595	100. 0%	183,026	100.0%	579,227	100 .0%	527,170	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	(155,034)	(82. 6)%	(178,044)	(97.3)%	(474,922)	(82. 0)%	(478,196)	(90.7)%
Gross profit	32,561	17.4 %	4,982	2.7 %	104,305	18. 0 %	48,974	9.3 %
Research and development expenses	(4,684)	(2.5)%	(5,245)	(2.9)%	(15,719)	(2.7)%	(15,227)	(2.9)%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(87,125)	(46. 4)%	(103,765)	(56.7)%	(292,675)	(50. 5)%	(304,898)	(57.8)%
Other operating income and (expenses), net	(8,100)	(4.3)%	(340)	(0.2)%	(10,308)	(1.8)%	197	0.0%
Operating loss	(67,348)	(35. 9)%	(104,368)	(57.0)%	(214,397)	(37. 0)%	(270,954)	(51.4)%
Finance income and (expenses), net	112,841	60.2%	(7,491)	(4.1)%	99,333	17. 1%	(4,507)	(0.9)%
Profit/(loss) before tax	45,493	24.3 %	(111,859)	(61.1)%	(115,064)	(19. 9)%	(275,461)	(52.3)%
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(1,482)	(0.8)%	3,910	2.1%	(3,221)	(0.6)%	8,063	1.5%
Profit/(loss) for the period	44,011	23.5 %	(107,949)	(59.0)%	(118,285)	(20. 4)%	(267,398)	(50.7)%

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023

Revenue

Revenue increased \$4.6 million, or 2.5%, to \$187.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, net of sales discounts, rebates and trade promotions, compared to \$183.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Excluding a foreign currency exchange tailwind of \$4.6 million, revenue for the third quarter was \$183.0 million, or flat on a constant currency basis (refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section below for tables reconciling revenue as reported to revenue on a constant currency basis by segment). Volume growth and price/mix improvements in the EMEA segment were offset by volume declines in each of the Americas and Asia segments as well as price/mix declines in the Asia segment. Sold volume for the three months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to 125 million liters compared to 126 million liters for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Produced finished goods volume for the third quarter of 2023 amounted to 119 million liters compared to 124 million liters for the same period last year.

We continued to experience revenue growth in the retail channel of 12.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the prior year period. In the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the retail channel accounted for 63.5% and 57.7% of our revenue, respectively, the foodservice channel accounted for 32.3% and 36.5% of our revenue, respectively, and the other channel, comprised primarily of e-commerce sales, accounted for 4.2% and 5.8% of our revenue, respectively.

EMEA, the Americas and Asia accounted for 54.2%, 31.2% and 14.6% of our total revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, as compared to 45.1%, 33.2% and 21.7% of our total revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. In constant currency, EMEA, the Americas and Asia accounted for 52.4%, 32.0%, and 15.6% of our total revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2023, respectively.

Revenue increased \$52.1 million, or 9.9% to \$579.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net of sales discounts, rebates and trade promotions, compared to \$527.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Excluding a foreign currency exchange headwind of \$6.1 million, revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 would have been \$585.4 million, or an increase of 11.0%, using constant exchange rates (refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section below for tables reconciling revenue as reported to revenue on a constant currency basis by segment). The increase was mainly driven by price increases implemented in EMEA primarily during the first quarter of 2023 and the Americas in the third quarter of 2022, in addition to continued volume growth for our products in EMEA and Americas, respectively. The sold finished goods volume for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to 378 million liters compared to 365 million liters for the same period last year. The produced finished goods volume for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 amounted to 370 million liters compared to 369 million liters for the same period last year.

We continued to experience revenue growth across the retail and foodservice channels of 15.5% and 4.4%, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the prior year period. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 the retail channel accounted for 62.0% and 59.0% of our revenue, respectively, the foodservice channel accounted for 33.4% and 35.2% of our revenue, respectively, and the other channel, comprised primarily of e-commerce sales, accounted for 4.6% and 5.8% of our revenue, respectively.

EMEA, the Americas and Asia accounted for 51.3%, 31.8% and 16.9% of our total revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, as compared to 48.5%, 30.2% and 21.3% of our total revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. In constant currency, EMEA, the Americas and Asia accounted for 51.0%, 31.5% and 17.5% of our total revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively.

The increase in sold volume growth in EMEA was driven by continued expansion in core markets, as well as increasing contribution from new markets, while revenue growth was primarily driven by price increases introduced at the beginning of the year. Our sold volume and revenue decline in the Americas was primarily due to lower volumes in the foodservice channel, partially offset by increases in the retail channel. Finally, Asia sold volume and revenue decline was primarily driven by the strategy reset in China, resulting in the exit of unprofitable channels, customers and products.

Our employee headcount has decreased compared to prior year, from 2,028 employees as of September 30, 2022 to 1,644 employees as of September 30, 2023 as a result of the strategic actions we have undertaken to simplify our organizational structure. The number of consultants decreased from 411 consultants as of September 30, 2022 to 269 consultants as of September 30, 2023.

Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold decreased by \$23.0 million, or 12.9%, to \$155.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, from \$178.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022, which was primarily a result of improved operations across all regions.

Cost of goods sold decreased by \$3.3 million, or 0.7%, to \$474.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from \$478.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, which was primarily a result of improved operations across all regions.

Gross profit and margin

Gross profit increased by \$27.6 million, or 553.6%, to \$32.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, from \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Gross profit margin increased by 14.7 percentage points, to 17.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2023, from 2.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The improvement in gross profit margin was mostly due to price increases implemented in EMEA during the first quarter of 2023 as well as less inventory write-offs, and improved operations in Americas.

Gross profit increased by \$55.3 million, or 113.0%, to \$104.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from \$49.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Gross profit margin increased by 8.7 percentage points, to 18.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from 9.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in gross profit margin has been mostly due to

operational improvements, as well as price increases implemented in EMEA during the first quarter of 2023 and price increases in Americas during the third quarter of 2022.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses decreased by \$0.6 million, or 10.7%, to \$4.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, from \$5.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and decreased as a share of revenues 2.5% and 2.9%, respectively.

Research and development expenses increased by \$0.5 million, or 3.2% to \$15.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from \$15.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, and decreased as a share of revenues 2.7% and 2.9%, respectively.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$16.6 million, or 16.0%, to \$87.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$103.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and decreased as a share of revenues, 46.4% and 56.7%, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to \$4.4 million in employee related expenses, \$3.2 million in customer distribution costs, \$2.5 million in branding, advertising and marketing expenses, and a \$2.3 million reduction in external consultants, legal contractor and other professional fees. Customer distribution expense decreased as a share of revenue to 6.7% from 8.6%.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$12.2 million, or 4.0%, to \$292.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$304.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and decreased as a share of revenues 50.5% and 57.8%, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to \$11.3 million in consultancy and legal fees, \$8.0 million in customer distribution costs and \$2.8 million in other selling related expenses. This was offset by \$6.1 million increase in employee related expenses including restructuring costs, and a \$3.7 million reduction in reimbursement from the depositary relating to the administration of the ADR program. Customer distribution expense decreased as a share of revenue to 6.6% from 8.8%.

Other operating income and (expenses), net

Other operating income and (expenses), net, for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to an expense of 8.1 million and an expense of \$0.3 million, respectively. Other operating income and (expenses), net, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to an expense of \$10.3 million and an income of \$0.2 million, respectively. The increase in other operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was primarily due to the impact of \$9.25 million in costs for the legal settlement. Refer to Note 26 *Commitments and Contingencies* for further details on the legal settlement.

Finance income and (expenses), net

Finance income and (expenses), net, increased by \$120.3 million to an income of \$112.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, from an expense of \$7.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The fluctuation in finance income and (expenses) net was primarily related to our recent financing activities, with \$126.6 million in positive impact from fair value gains on Convertible Notes (as defined below) and \$4.0 million in increased interest income from cash in bank accounts and short-term deposits, offset by \$11.6 million in increased interest expenses.

Finance income and (expenses), net, increased by \$103.8 million to income of \$99.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from an expense of \$4.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The fluctuation in finance income and (expenses) net was primarily related to our recent financing activities, with \$130.4 million in positive impact from fair value gains on Convertible Notes, \$8.5 million in net foreign exchange differences which are mainly related to the revaluation of external and intercompany financing arrangements and \$5.6 million in increased interest income from cash in bank accounts and short-term deposits, offset by \$23.8 million in increased interest expenses and \$19.4 million in increased other financial expenses primarily consisting of transaction costs.

Income tax benefit/(expense)

Income tax expense decreased by \$5.4 million to a expense of \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 from a benefit of \$3.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were (3.3%) and (3.5%), respectively. The main driver of our effective tax rate is unrecognized tax losses in Sweden and certain other jurisdictions.

Income tax expense decreased by \$11.3 million to an expense of \$3.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from a benefit of \$8.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were 2.8% and (2.9%), respectively. The main driver of our effective tax rate is unrecognized tax losses in Sweden and certain other jurisdictions.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since our inception, we have financed our operations primarily through cash generated by the issuance of equity and Convertible Notes, and from borrowings under our credit facilities. Our primary requirements for liquidity and capital are to finance working capital, make capital expenditures, invest in our organizational capabilities to support profitable growth and for general corporate purposes. We are using this combination of financing to fund our business. We expect our net capital expenditures for 2023 to be below \$75 million, related primarily to investments in our production facilities. The amount and allocation of our future capital expenditures depend on several factors, and our strategic investment priorities may change. Our recent decision to discontinue construction at certain production facilities has impacted our projected capital expenditures.

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents on hand and availability under our credit facilities. As of September 30, 2023, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$283.2 million. Our cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in bank accounts and short-term deposits. Short-term deposits are time deposits and structured deposits.

In addition to the above, we had access to \$203.6 million in undrawn bank facilities as of September 30, 2023.

We undertook a significant refinancing of our principal credit facilities in April 2023. Following this refinancing, we have in place a senior secured credit revolving facility with commitments of SEK 2,100 million (equivalent of \$192.1 million), with an uncommitted incremental revolving facility option of up to SEK 500 million (equivalent of \$45.7 million), and a term loan facility of \$130 million and intercreditor arrangements as set forth below. Furthermore, the proceeds from our Convertible Notes offerings (as further described below) totaled \$325 million, reflecting an original issue discount of 3%.

We believe that our sources of liquidity and capital will be sufficient to meet our existing business needs for at least the next 12 months.

Sustainable Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan B Facility

On April 18, 2023, our existing Sustainable Revolving Credit Facility Agreement (the "SRCF Agreement") was amended and restated whereby, among other things, (i) the term of the SRCF Agreement was reset to three years and six months, with a one year uncommitted extension option, (ii) the lender group under the SRCF Agreement was reduced to JP Morgan SE, BNP Paribas SA, Bankfilial Sverige, Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Nordea Bank Abp, filial i Sverige and the commitments under the SRCF Agreement were reduced to SEK 2,100 million (equivalent of \$192.1 million), with an uncommitted incremental revolving facility option of up to SEK 500 million (equivalent of \$45.7 million), (iii) the initial margin was reset at 4.00% p.a., (iv) the tangible solvency ratio, minimum EBITDA, minimum liquidity and total net leverage ratio financial covenants were reset, (v) the existing negative covenants were amended to further align with those included in the TLB Credit Agreement, including in relation to incurrence of indebtedness, and (vi) the debt under the SRCF Agreement ranks pari passu with, and shares in the same security and guarantees from the Group as, the EIF Facility and the TLB Credit Agreement by way of the Intercreditor Agreement.

On April 18, 2023, we entered into a Term Loan B Credit Agreement (the "TLB Credit Agreement") with, amongst others, Silver Point Finance LLC as Syndication Agent and Lead Lender, J.P. Morgan SE, as Administrative Agent and Wilmington Trust (London) Limited as Security Agent, including a term loan facility of \$130 million. The term of the TLB Credit Agreement is five years from the funding date of the term loan facility, and the term loan facility is subject to 1% amortization per annum paid in quarterly installments. Borrowings carry an interest rate of Term SOFR (with floor of 2.50%) plus 7.5% or Base Rate (with floor of 3.50%) plus 6.5%. The TLB Credit Agreement, contain ongoing covenants such as minimum EBITDA, total net leverage ratio and liquidity requirements. The TLB Credit Agreement also contains certain negative covenants, including but not limited to restrictions on indebtedness, limitations on liens, fundamental changes covenant, asset sales covenant, and restricted payments covenant. The debt under the TLB Credit Agreement ranks pari passu with, and share in the same security and guarantees from the Group as the EIF Facility and the SRCF Agreement by way of the Intercreditor Agreement. As of September 30, 2023, we had \$133.2 million, including accrued interest, outstanding under the TLB Credit Agreement.

On April 18, 2023, the Company, Oatly AB, Oatly Inc. and other parties entered into an Intercreditor Agreement (the "Intercreditor Agreement") with, amongst others J.P. Morgan SE, as Senior Secured Term Facilities Agent, Wilmington Trust (London) Limited as Senior Secured Revolving Facilities Agent, Wilmington Trust (London) Limited as Common Security Agent and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association as trustee in respect of certain of the Convertible Notes. The Intercreditor Agreement includes customary ranking, enforcement and turnover provisions intended to govern the relationship between the creditor groups.

In May 2023, (i) the SRCF Agreement was amended pursuant to an amendment letter to, among other things, ensure that the Convertible Notes constitute "PIPE Financing" under and as defined in the SRCF Agreement and (ii) the TLB Credit Agreement was amended pursuant to an

amendment agreement to, among other things, ensure that the Convertible Notes constitute "Convertible Bonds" under and as defined in the TLB Credit Agreement.

Convertible Notes

On March 23, 2023 and April 18, 2023, we issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 9.25% Convertible Senior PIK Notes due 2028 (the notes issued on March 23, 2023, the "U.S. Notes" and the notes issued on April 18, 2023, the "Swedish Notes" and, collectively, the "Original Convertible Notes") (the Original Convertible Notes, together with the HH Notes (as defined below), the "Convertible Notes"). The U.S. Notes and the Swedish Notes have substantially identical economic terms. The U.S. Notes were subject to mandatory redemption if the TLB Credit Agreement were not executed. The proceeds from the U.S. Notes were kept in an escrow account and not released to the Company until the TLB Credit Agreement was executed.

Certain of our existing shareholders, Nativus Company Limited, Verlinvest and Blackstone Funds, purchased \$200.1 million aggregate principal amount of the Swedish Notes and other institutional investors purchased \$99.9 million aggregate principal amount of the U.S. Notes. The investors paid an aggregate purchase price of \$291 million, reflecting an original issue discount of 3%.

The Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 9.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears in cash or in payment-in-kind, at our option, on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2023. The Convertible Notes will mature on September 14, 2028, unless earlier converted by the holders or required to be converted, repurchased or redeemed by us. The Original Convertible Notes are convertible at the option of each holder at an initial conversion price of \$2.41 per Ordinary Share or per ADS, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments and a conversion rate reset on March 23, 2024 and March 23, 2025 if the average of the daily volume-weighted average prices of the ADSs for the 30 consecutive trading days immediately preceding March 23, 2024 and March 23, 2025, respectively, is below a specified price. We may require conversion of the U.S. Notes and the Swedish Notes if the last reported sale price of our ADSs equals or exceeds 200% of their conversion price on any 45 trading days during any 90 consecutive day period beginning on or after the third anniversary of the issuance of the U.S. Notes and the Swedish Notes, respectively. The Convertible Notes benefit from the same covenants limiting incurrence of financial indebtedness by us and our subsidiaries as are contained in the current TLB Credit Agreement.

On May 9, 2023 we entered into an agreement with an affiliate of Hillhouse Investment Management Ltd. (Hillhouse) to sell an additional \$35 million in Convertible Notes, resulting in approximately \$34 million of proceeds after reflecting an original issue discount of 3% (the "HH Notes"). The economic terms of the HH Notes are substantially identical to the economic terms of the U.S. Notes as part of the previously-mentioned financing, except (i) that the HH Notes are convertible at Hillhouse's option at an initial conversion price of \$2.52 per ADS, representing an approximate 17% premium to the last reported sale price of our ADSs on the Nasdaq Global Market on May 8, 2023, and (ii) with respect to the specified prices in connection with the conversion rate resets of the HH Notes. In addition, on May 9, 2023, one of the existing holders of Swedish Notes and an affiliate of one of our shareholders, Verlinvest S.A. ("Verlinvest"), agreed to sell and Hillhouse agreed to purchase from Verlinvest \$15 million aggregate principal amount of Swedish Notes (the "Resale Notes"). The purchase and sale of the HH Notes and the Resale Notes closed on May 31, 2023. The HH Notes are also subject to the Intercreditor Agreement.

Other Credit Facilities

In October 2019, we entered into a European Investment Fund guaranteed three-year term loan facility of €7.5 million (equivalent of \$8.2 million) with Svensk Exportkredit (the "EIF Facility"). The EIF Facility bears interest at EURIBOR + 2.75%. On October 6, 2022, the termination date of the EIF Facility was extended to October 11, 2025 and the amortization schedule thereunder revised, with amortizations in an amount of €0.3 million to be made on a quarterly basis starting on January 11, 2023. The loan facility and interest margin remain unchanged. As of September 30, 2023, we had €2.8 million (equivalent of \$3.0 million) outstanding under the EIF Facility.

On November 10, 2022, our indirect subsidiary Oatly Shanghai Co., Ltd. entered into a RMB 150 million (equivalent of \$20.7 million) working capital credit facility with China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch (the "CMB Credit Facility"). Individual utilizations under the CMB Credit Facility are subject to the lender's approval. The CMB Credit Facility is available for one year, is unsecured, and includes creditor protection in the form of, among other things, representations, covenants (including negative pledge, restrictions on borrowings, investments and dispositions by Oatly Shanghai Co., Ltd., and distributions by Oatly Shanghai Co., Ltd. and entry into transactions with its affiliates) and events of default. As of September 30, 2023, we had RMB 30.0 million (equivalent of \$4.2 million) outstanding on the CMB Credit Facility.

Cash Flows

The following table presents the summary consolidated cash flow information for the periods presented.

	Nine months ended Se	ptember 30,
	2023	2022
	(in thousands	\$)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(151,479)	(215,224)
Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities	(9,636)	51,856
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	362,033	(9,981)

Net cash used in operating activities

Net cash flows used in operating activities decreased by \$63.7 million, or 29.6%, to \$151.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$215.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, which was primarily driven by improved operating results. For more detail, see Results of Operations section above.

Net cash (used in)/from investing activities

Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities decreased by \$61.5 million, to an outflow of \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to an inflow of \$51.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The outflow for 2023 was primarily driven by our investments in property, plant and equipment amounting to \$49.6 million, offset by net proceeds from assets held for sale amounting to \$44.0 million related to the YYF Transaction. For the comparable period in 2022 our investments in property, plant and equipment amounted to \$170.5 million which was offset by proceeds from short-term investments of \$226.2 million used to fund our business operations and investments.

Net cash from/(used in) financing activities

Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities increased by \$372.0 million, to an inflow of \$362.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from an outflow of \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, which was primarily related to proceeds from our recent financing activities, net of repayment of liabilities to credit institutions and net of transaction costs.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

For information regarding our contractual commitments and contingencies, see Note 26 *Commitments and Contingencies* to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements, which are included elsewhere in this Report.

Non-IFRS Financial Measures

We use EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Constant Currency Revenue and Free Cash Flow as non-IFRS financial measures in assessing our operating performance and in our financial communications:

"EBITDA" is defined as profit/(loss) for the period attributable to shareholders of the parent adjusted to exclude, when applicable, income tax expense, finance expenses, finance income and depreciation and amortization expense.

"Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as profit/(loss) for the period attributable to shareholders of the parent adjusted to exclude, when applicable, income tax expense, finance expenses, finance income, depreciation and amortization expense, share-based compensation expense, restructuring costs, costs related to the YYF transaction, costs related to legal settlement, and non-controlling interests.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to profit/(loss) for the period or any other measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA rather than profit/(loss) for the period attributable to shareholders of the parent, which is the most directly comparable IFRS measure. Some of these limitations are:

- Adjusted EBITDA excludes depreciation and amortization expense and, although these are non-cash expenses, the assets being depreciated may have to be replaced in the future increasing our cash requirements;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense, or the cash required to service our debt, which reduces cash available to us;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect income tax payments that reduce cash available to us;

- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect recurring share-based compensation expense and, therefore, does not include all of our compensation costs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect restructuring costs that reduce cash available to us in future periods;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect costs related to legal settlement that reduce cash available to us in future periods;
- Adjusted EBITDA excludes asset impairment charge and other costs related to assets held for sale, although these are non-cash expenses, the
 assets being impaired may have to be replaced in the future increasing our cash requirements; and
- Other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial information provided in accordance with IFRS. Below we have provided a reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to profit/(loss) for the period attributable to shareholders of the parent, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS, for the periods presented.

(Unaudited)	Three months ended S	September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,		
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Profit/(loss) for the period	44,011	(107,949)	(118,285)	(267,398)	
Income tax expense/(benefit)	1,482	(3,910)	3,221	(8,063)	
Finance (income) and expenses, net	(112,841)	7,491	(99,333)	4,507	
Depreciation and amortization expense	12,559	12,157	37,256	34,765	
EBITDA	(54,789)	(92,211)	(177,141)	(236,189)	
Share-based compensation expense	6,290	8,503	16,759	27,725	
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	3,177	1,005	12,344	1,005	
Legal settlement ⁽²⁾	9,250	_	9,250	_	
Costs related to the YYF Transaction ⁽³⁾	_	_	375	_	
Non-controlling interests	74	_	74	_	
Adjusted EBITDA	(35,998)	(82,703)	(138,339)	(207,459)	

⁽¹⁾ Relates primarily to severance payments as we continue to adjust our organizational structure to the macro environment, and inventory write-offs related to our strategy reset in the Asia segment.

"Constant Currency Revenue" is calculated by translating the current year reported revenue amounts into comparable amounts using the prior year reporting period's average foreign exchange rates which have been provided by a third party.

Constant currency revenue is used to provide a framework in assessing how our business and geographic segments performed excluding the effects of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations and believe this information is useful to investors to facilitate comparisons and better identify trends in our business.

The table below reconciles revenue as reported to revenue on a constant currency basis by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

⁽²⁾ Relates to US securities class action litigation settlement expenses. See Note 26 Commitments and Contingencies for further details.

⁽³⁾ Relates to the closing of the YYF Transaction. See Note 18 Non-current assets held for sale for further details.

	Three month Septembe		\$ Change		% C	hange			
	2023	2022	As reported	Foreign exchange impact	In constant currency	As reported	In constant currency	Volume	Constant currency price/mix
EMEA	101,762	82,567	101,762	5,917	95,845	23.2 %	16.1 %	6.3 %	9.8%
Americas	58,491	60,702	58,491	_	58,491	-3.6%	-3.6%	-5.6%	2.0%
Asia	27,342	39,757	27,342	(1,274)	28,616	-31.2%	-28.0%	-14.8%	-13.2%
Total revenue	187,595	183,026	187,595	4,643	182,95 2	2.5 %	0.0 %	-1.0 %	1.0 %
	Nine months ended September 30,		\$ Change		% Change				
	2023	2022	As reported	Foreign exchange impact	In constant currency	As reported	In constant currency	Volume	Constant currency price/mix
EMEA	296,967	255,535	296,967	(1,463)	298,43 0	16.2 %	16.8%	6.6%	10.2%
Americas	184,364	159,494	184,364	_	184,36 4	15.6%	15.6%	0.7%	14.9%
Asia	97,896	112,141	97,896	(4,665)	102,56 1	-12.7 %	-8.5 %	-1.4%	-7.1%
Total revenue	579,227	527,170	579,227	(6,128)	585,35 5	9.9 %	11.0 %	3.6 %	7.4 %

Three months anded

"Free Cash Flow" is defined as net cash flows from operating activities less capital expenditures. We believe Free Cash Flow is a useful supplemental financial measure for us and investors in assessing our ability to pursue business opportunities and investments. Free Cash Flow is not a measure of our liquidity under IFRS and should not be considered as an alternative to net cash flows from operating activities.

Free Cash Flow is a non-IFRS measure and is not a substitute for IFRS measures in assessing our overall financial performance. Because Free Cash Flow is not a measurement determined in accordance with IFRS, and is susceptible to varying calculations, it may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures presented by other companies. Free Cash Flow should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for an analysis of our results as reported on our interim condensed consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this document. Below we have provided a reconciliation of Free Cash Flow to net cash flows from operating activities for the periods presented.

	Three months ende	ed September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Net cash flows from operating activities	(38,389)	(87,948)	(151,479)	(215,224)	
Capital expenditures	(10,949)	(60,530)	(51,983)	(174,352)	
Free Cash Flow	(49,338)	(148,478)	(203,462)	(389,576)	

Segment Information

Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and EBITDA
Three months ended September 30, 2023
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Three months ended September 30, 2023 (in thousands of U.S. dollars)	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	101,762	58,491	27,342	_	_	187,595
Intersegment revenue	312	_	2,329	_	(2,641)	_
Total segment revenue	102,074	58,491	29,671	_	(2,641)	187,595
Adjusted EBITDA	12,326	(6,634)	(17,934)	(23,756)	_	(35,998)
Share-based compensation expense	(478)	(950)	(1,249)	(3,613)	_	(6,290)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	· —	112	(2,321)	(968)	_	(3,177)
Legal settlement ⁽²⁾	_	_		(9,250)	_	(9,250)
Non-controlling interests		_	(74)	_	_	(74)
EBITDA	11,848	(7,472)	(21,578)	(37,587)	_	(54,789)
Finance income and (expenses), net	-			· _ ·	_	112,841
Depreciation and amortization		_	_	_	_	(12,559)
Profit before tax	_	_	_	_	_	45,493
(in thousands of U.S. dollars) Revenue	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue from external customers	82,567	60,702	39,757		<u></u>	183,026
Intersegment revenue	6,236	7	935	_	(7,178)	- 105,020
Total segment revenue	88,803	60,709	40,692	_	(7,178)	183,026
Adjusted EBITDA	(11,491)	(16,577)	(28,447)	(26,188)		(82,703)
Share-based compensation expense	(175)	(1,312)	(1,855)	(5,161)	_	(8,503)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	`	`	` — `	(1,005)	_	(1,005)
EBITDA	(11,666)	(17,889)	(30,302)	(32,354)	_	(92,211)
Finance income and (expenses), net	` <u>-</u> ´	`	` -	` _ ´	_	(7,491)
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_	_	_	(12,157)
Loss before tax	_	_	_	_	_	(111,859)
Nine months ended September 30, 2023 (in thousands of U.S. dollars)	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						

Nine months ended September 30, 2023						
(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue			_			
Revenue from external customers	296,967	184,364	97,896	_	_	579,227
Intersegment revenue	1,522	_	5,465	_	(6,987)	_
Total segment revenue	298,489	184,364	103,361	_	(6,987)	579,227
Adjusted EBITDA	26,180	(26,354)	(56,550)	(81,615)	_	(138,339)
Share-based compensation expense	(1,239)	(2,601)	(3,951)	(8,968)	_	(16,759)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	(1,008)	(2,482)	(2,457)	(6,397)	_	(12,344)
Legal settlement ⁽²⁾	_	_	_	(9,250)	_	(9,250)
Costs related to the YYF Transaction ⁽³⁾	-	(375)	_	_	_	(375)
Non-controlling interests	_	_	(74)	_	_	(74)
EBITDA	23,933	(31,812)	(63,032)	(106,230)	_	(177,141)
Finance income and (expenses), net	_	_	_	_	_	99,333
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_	_	_	(37,256)
Loss before tax	_	_	_	_	_	(115,064)

Nine months ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands of U.S. dollars)	EMEA	Americas	Asia	Corporate*	Eliminations**	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	255,535	159,494	112,141	_	_	527,170
Intersegment revenue	30,775	820	1,472	_	(33,067)	_
Total segment revenue	286,310	160,314	113,613	_	(33,067)	527,170
Adjusted EBITDA	(12,033)	(58,176)	(54,179)	(83,071)	_	(207,459)
Share-based compensation expense	(3,193)	(3,722)	(5,646)	(15,164)	_	(27,725)
Restructuring costs ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	(1,005)	_	(1,005)
EBITDA	(15,226)	(61,898)	(59,825)	(99,240)	_	(236,189)
Finance income and (expenses), net	_	_	_	_	_	(4,507)
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_	_	_	(34,765)
Loss before tax	-	_	_	_	_	(275,461)

Corporate consists of general overhead costs not allocated to the segments.

Eliminations in 2023 refer to intersegment revenue for sales of products from EMEA to Asia and from Asia to EMEA. Eliminations in 2022 primarily refer to intersegment revenue for sales of products from EMEA to Asia.

⁽¹⁾ Relates primarily to severance payments as we continue to adjust our organizational structure to the macro environment, and inventory write-offs related to our strategy reset in the Asia Relates by Maria 10 States 17 Segment.

Relates to US securities class action litigation settlement expenses. See Note 26 Commitments and Contingencies for further details.

Relates to the closing of the YYF Transaction. See Note 18 Non-current assets held for sale for further details.

⁽²⁾ (3)

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have during the period presented, and we do not currently have, any off-balance sheet financing arrangements or any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, including entities sometimes referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, that were established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

We prepare our interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. Preparing these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, equity, revenue, expenses, and related disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Our estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Our actual results may differ from these estimates. Other companies in similar businesses may use different estimation policies and methodologies, which may impact the comparability of our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows to those of other companies.

Our critical accounting policies are described under the heading "Critical Accounting Estimates" in our 2022 Annual Report and the notes to the audited financial statements in our 2022 Annual Report. Our critical accounting policies and estimates are the same as those discussed in our 2022 Annual Report, with the addition of those applied to the fair value of the Convertible Notes, see Note 3 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assessments and Note 13 Fair value of financial instruments for details of assumptions and estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2 *Summary of significant accounting policies* to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Report for a discussion of accounting pronouncements recently adopted and recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted and their potential impact to our financial statements.

Item 3. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to certain market risks in the ordinary course of our business. These risks primarily consist of foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. For further discussion and sensitivity analysis of these risks, see Note 3 *Financial risk management* to our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 included in our 2022 Annual Report.

Part II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be involved in various claims and legal proceedings related to claims arising out of our operations. Other than as described in Note 26 *Commitments and Contingencies* we are not currently a party to any material legal proceedings, including any such proceedings that are pending or threatened, of which we are aware.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risks described in Item 3.D. "*Risk Factors*" in our 2022 Annual Report, the other information in this Report, including our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes, as well as our other public filings with the SEC, before deciding to invest in our ordinary shares. Except as presented below, there have been no material changes to our risk factors since those reported in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 20-F.

Although as a foreign private issuer we are exempt from certain corporate governance standards applicable to U.S. issuers, if we cannot satisfy, or continue to satisfy, the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq it could result in a delisting of our securities.

There are several requirements that must be met in order for our ADSs to remain listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, including but not limited to, the minimum share price of at least US \$1.00 per ADS. There can be no assurances that we will be able to comply with this and other listing standards and the failure to do so could result in the delisting of our ADSs from Nasdaq. Such a delisting would negatively affect the price and the market liquidity of our securities and would impair investors from selling their shares in the public market. On November 6, 2023, we received a notification from Nasdaq that we are not in compliance with the minimum bid price requirements of Nasdaq Listing Rule 5450(a)(1). Although the notice has no immediate effect on the listing of the Company's ADSs or its business operations, and the Company is currently

considering its options, with the intention to remedy the noncompliance in within the required timeframe under Nasdaq's rules, there is no assurance that we will be successful. We cannot assure that any action taken by us to restore compliance with listing requirements would allow our securities to become listed again, stabilize the market price or improve the liquidity of our securities, prevent our securities from dropping below the Nasdaq minimum share price requirement or prevent future non-compliance with Nasdaq's listing requirements.

We expect impairment charges in connection with certain of our production facilities that are not yet in operation, and we may need to recognize further impairments in the future, which could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We have undertaken a strategic overview of our current supply chain network in connection with our "asset-light" strategy and decided to discontinue the construction of certain new production facilities. As a result, we expect non-cash impairments in the fourth quarter of 2023 in the range of \$110 - \$150 million. We also expect to incur restructuring and other exit costs of approximately \$40 to \$50 million relating to these production facilities. We currently estimate these restructuring and other exit costs to result in no more than \$20 million of net cash outflows over the next two fiscal years, after taking into consideration anticipated proceeds from selling certain equipment. We may incur additional costs not currently contemplated due to events associated with the discontinuation of construction at these facilities. The charges that we expect to incur are estimates subject to several assumptions. However, the ultimate impairment may differ significantly from this range. This impairment charge will negatively impact our results of operations for the year, and we may need to take other impairments. See Item 2. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for more information.

We review our goodwill and amortizable intangible assets not ready to use (capitalized expenditure for development) for impairment annually and when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Changes in economic or operating conditions impacting our estimates and assumptions could result in the impairment of our goodwill or other assets. In the event that we determine our goodwill or other assets are impaired in the future, we may be required to record another significant charge to earnings in our financial statements that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We are subject to securities class action litigation and could be subject to additional litigation in the United States or elsewhere that could negatively impact our business, including resulting in substantial costs and liabilities.

We are subject to securities class action lawsuits in the United States alleging a failure to disclose, or misrepresentation of material facts relating to our business. One such action, captioned In re Oatly Group AB Securities Litigation, Consolidated Civil Action No. 1:21-cv-06360-AKH, pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, was brought against the Company and certain of its officers and directors (including a former director), and alleges violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, SEC Rule 10b-5, and the Securities Act of 1933. The other, captioned Hipple v. Oatly Group AB et al., Index No. 151432/2022, pending in the New York County Supreme Court, was brought against the Company, certain of its officers and directors (including a former director), among others, and alleges violations of the Securities Act of 1933. In May 2022, the New York County Supreme Court granted a stay of Hipple v. Oatly Group AB et al. pending final adjudication of In re Oatly Group AB Securities Litigation in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. In December 2022, the parties in *In re Oatly Group AB Securities* Litigation completed briefing of the defendants' motion to dismiss the operative consolidated complaint; there was oral argument on the motion on May 31, 2023, and the Court granted the motion without prejudice, except for the claim brought under Section 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, which the Court dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiffs filed their amended complaint on August 11, 2023. In October 2023, the parties reached a settlement in principle of both cases that would require the Company to pay \$9.25 million, which is contingent upon court approval, among other things. If the settlement is not finalized and does not become effective, the case will be returned to litigation. Currently, the duration or ultimate outcome of the securities litigation cannot be predicted or estimated. We may be subject to additional, similar actions in the future. These types of lawsuits could require significant management time and attention and could result in significant expenses as well as unfavorable outcomes that could have a material adverse impact on our customer relationships, business prospects, reputation, operating results, cash-flows or financial results, and our insurance may not mitigate such impact.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Use of Proceeds

The information contained in Item 2 in Part II of the Company's Report on Form 6-K filed on November 15, 2021 is incorporated by reference herein.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Oatly Group AB

Date: November 9, 2023 By: /s/ Marie-José David

Name: Marie-José David
Title: Chief Financial Officer

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